

# Severely reduced EF and multivessel CAD- Clinical case" the (my) solution (part II)

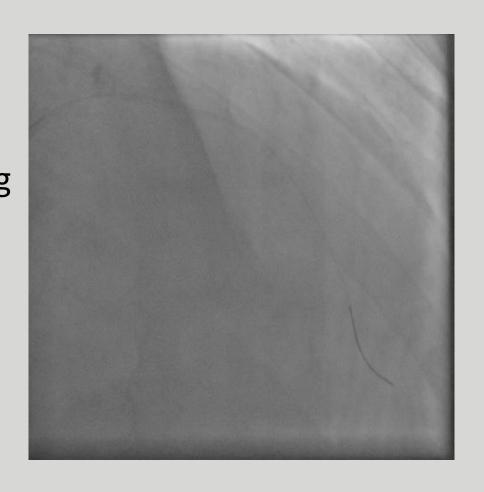
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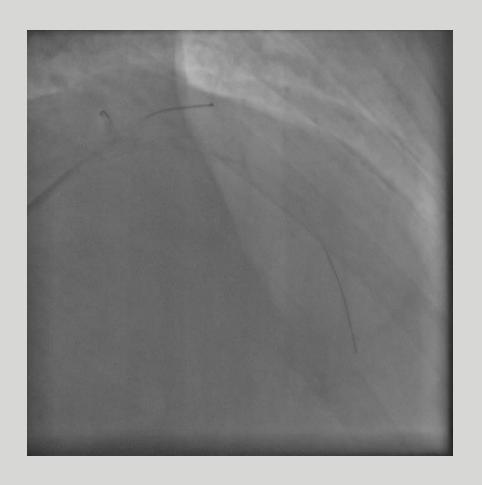
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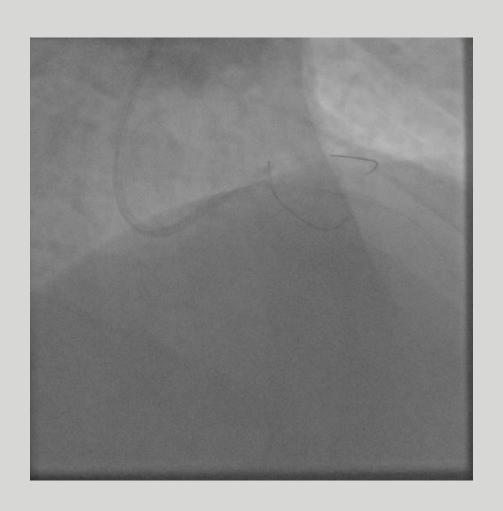


IVUS guided
Implantation of
Zotarolimus eluting
stent LM/LAD
4.5x26 mm. POTside-POT with NC
5.5 and SC 2.0 on
LCx and Ramus









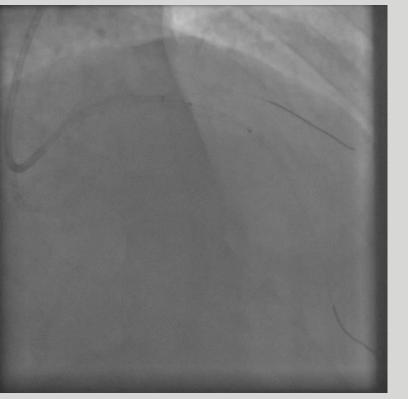
### Functional evaluation of LAD after LM stenting

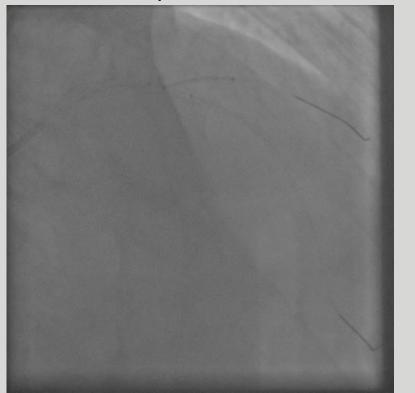


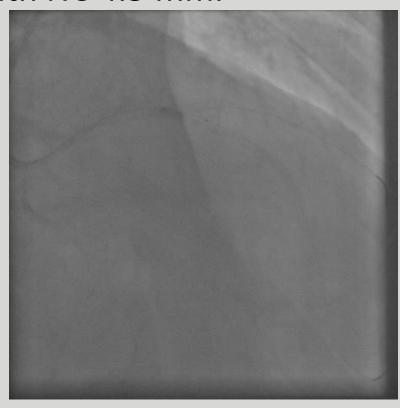




Guideliner assisted LAD predilatation and implantation of Zotarolius DES 2.25x18 e 3.0x26 mm postdilated with NC 3.0 e 3.5. Following Minicrush LAD/Dg with ZES 2.5x18 mm and 4.5x18 mm. POT, KB and rePOT with NC 4.5 mm.





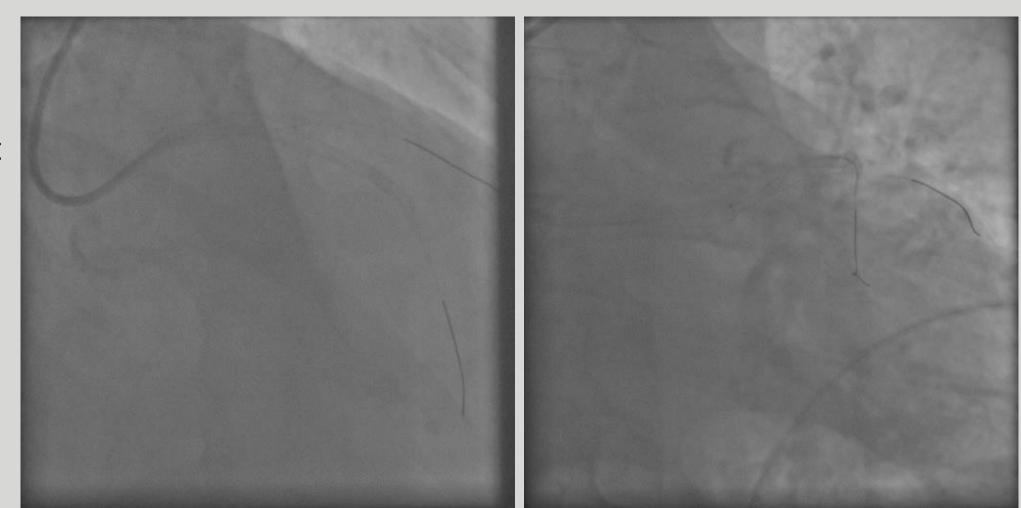




TURIN October 24<sup>th</sup>-26<sup>th</sup> 2019

Good final result

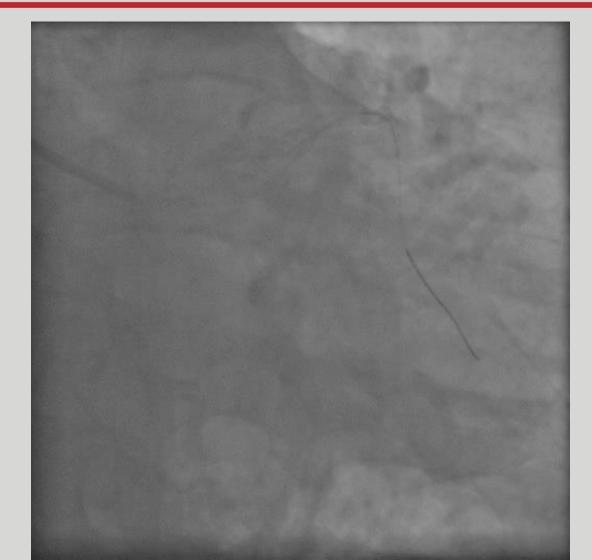
**But.....** 





Covered stent 4.5 was not available, Prolonged balloon dilatation were assessed. The patient remained asymptomatic, stable, without pericardial effusion.

The procedure was stopped and the UFH was reversed with protamine.



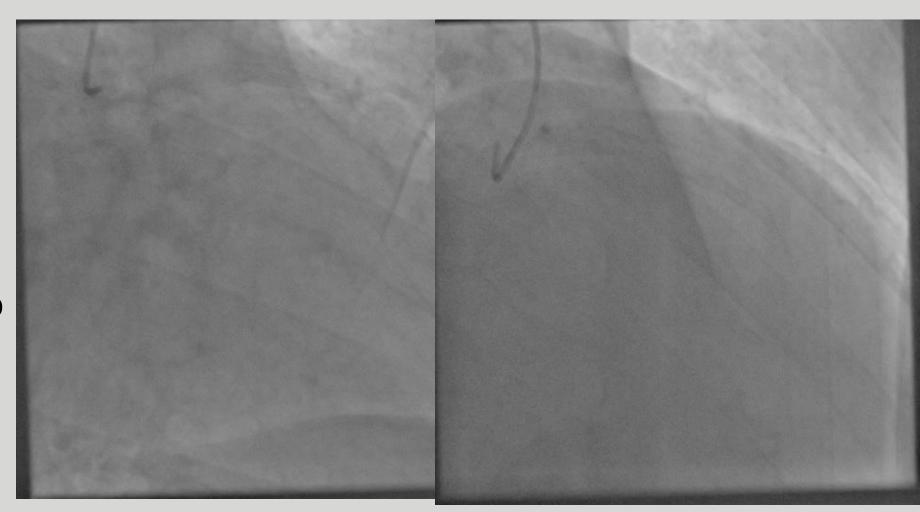


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The patient remained stable, asymptomatic

After 7 days....

At 2 months follow-up at echocardiography EF 45%





#### Conclusions

- 1. When we are looking for vitality, do not forget about residual ischemia
- 2. Non-invasive test should report quantitative informations, qualitative informations are not enough
- 3. Non-invasive test results should be interpreted in the light of the coronary angiography to provide sufficient information in complex patients (the interventional cardiologist should cooperate with the imaging expert)
- 4. FFR is a validated ischemia test and provide indirect information about residual vitality



Thank you for your attention