

Socioeconomic Influences on Cardiovascular Disease

Emphasis on the developing world

Torino 2017

Stages of Epidemiologic Transition

Description	Life expectancy	Proportion of death due to CVD (%)	Dominant form of CVD death
Stage 1 Pestilence and famine	35 yr	<10	Infectious (RHD) Nutritional
Stage 2 Receding pandemics	50 yr	10-35	Infectious (RHD) Stroke – hemorrhagic

Omran: Milbank Mem Fund Q, 1971; Olshansky: Millbank Mem Fund Q, 1986

Stages of Epidemiologic Transition

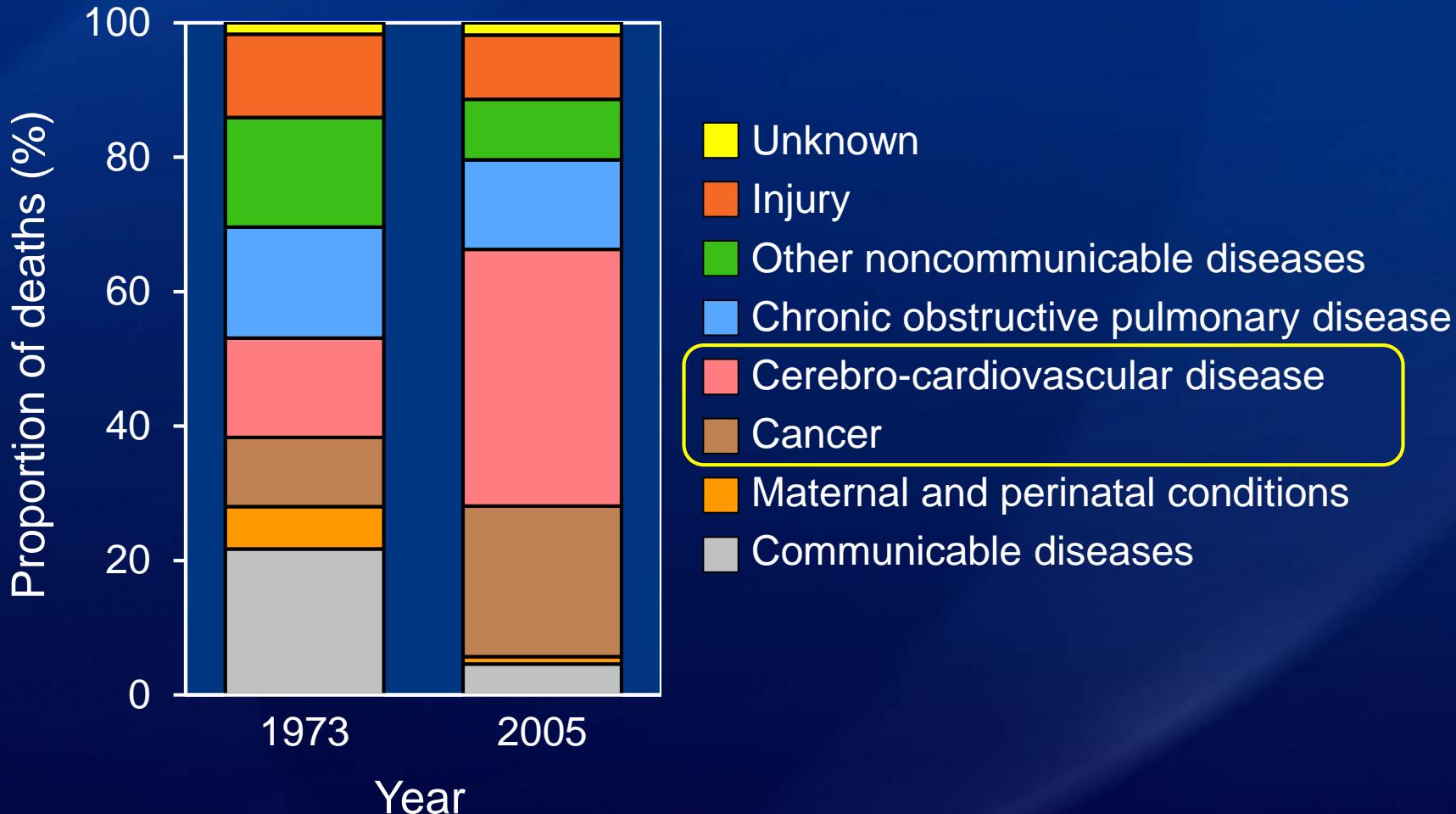
Description	Life expectancy	Proportion of death due to CVD (%)	Dominant form of CVD death
Stage 3 Degenerative and man-made diseases	>60 yr	35-65	IHD*
		Stroke	<ul style="list-style-type: none">— Hemorrhagic— Ischemic
Stage 4 Delayed degenerative diseases	>70 yr	40-50	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• IHD**• Stroke — Ischemic• CHF

*Greater in high socioeconomic groups

**Younger pt – lower socioeconomic status; Elderly – higher socioeconomic status

Changing Distribution of the Causes of Death in the Peoples Republic of China

An epidemiologic catastrophe amidst growing prosperity



Yang: Lancet, 2008

Attained Education Level (AEL) and Impact on Risk Factors

- REACH registry
- 61,332 subjects
- Established CVD or multiple risk factors

Education levels

- 0-8 yr
- 9-12 yr
- Trade/technical
- University/college

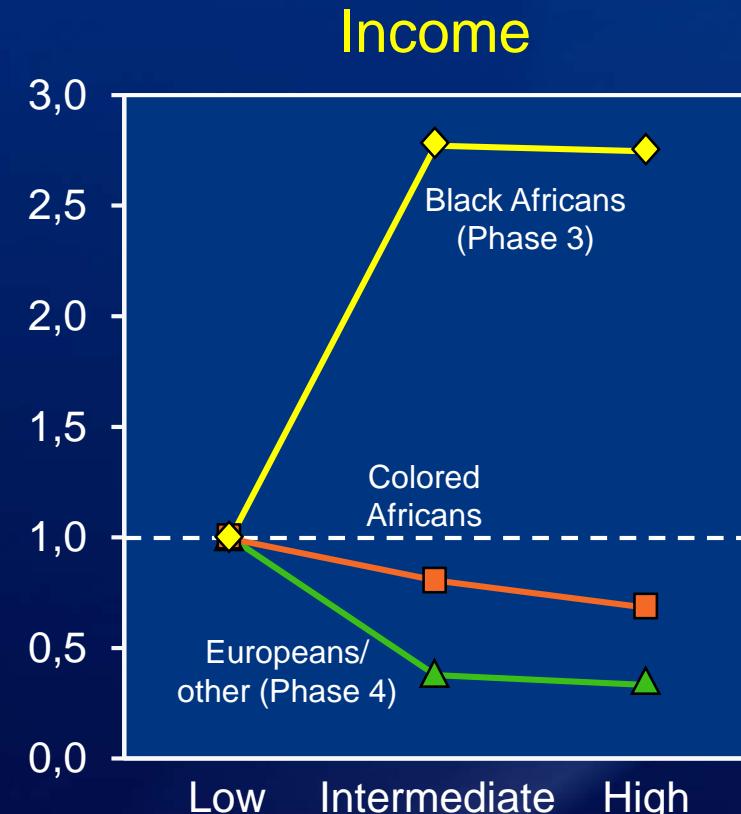
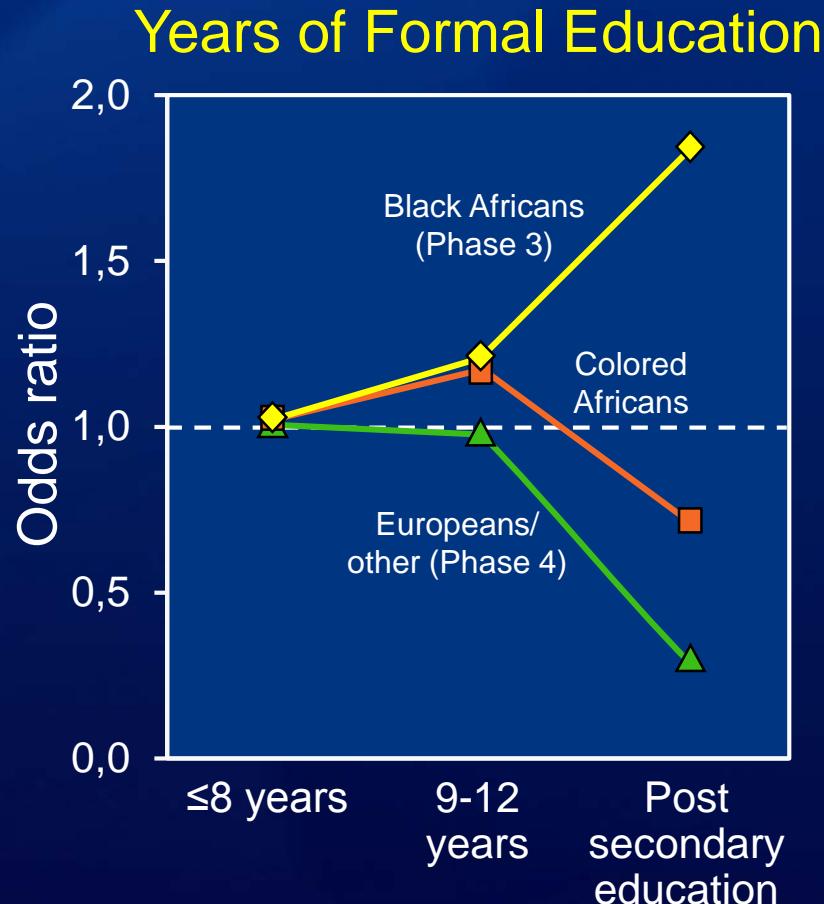
Associations with AEL		
Risk factor	HIC	LIC
Obesity	↓	↑
Smoking	↓	↔*
Hypertension	↓	↔
Diabetes	↓	↓
Hypercholesterolemia	↑	↑
Disease in ≥2 vascular beds	↓	↑

* Increased among women; Goyal: Circ, 2010

Risk Factors Associated With MI in Africa

INTERHEART Study

Socioeconomic Status and OR for MI

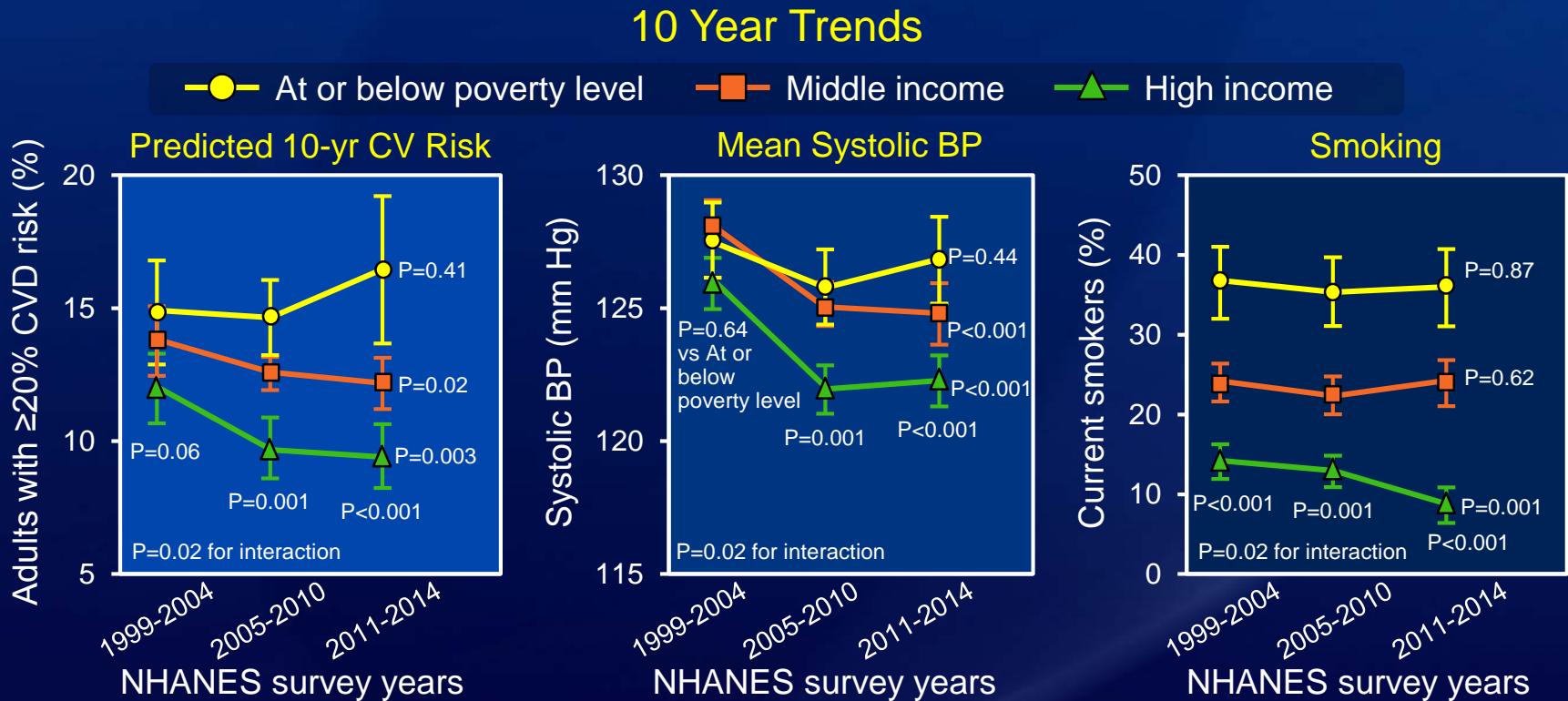


Steyn: Circ, 2005

Income Disparities in Absolute CV Risk and CV Risk Factors in the USA – 1999-2004

- NHANES survey
- 17,199 adults
- Aged 40-79 yrs

* No trends noted for diabetes, and serum cholesterol with absolute rates of diabetes higher in lower income groups



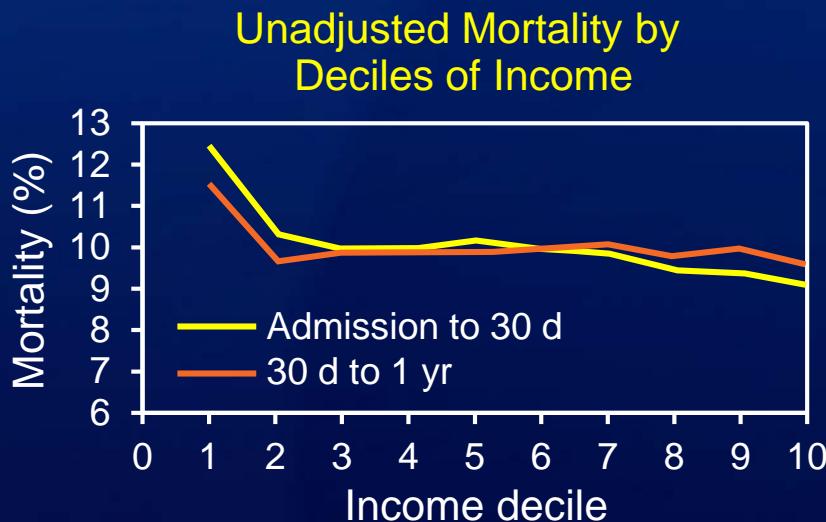
Odutayo et al: JAMA Cardiol, 2017

Socioeconomic Status and Outcome Following Acute Myocardial Infarction in Elderly Patients

Sunil V. Rao, MD; Kevin A. Schulman, MD; Lesley H. Curtis, PhD;
Bernard J. Gersh, MB, ChB, DPhil; James G. Jollis, MD

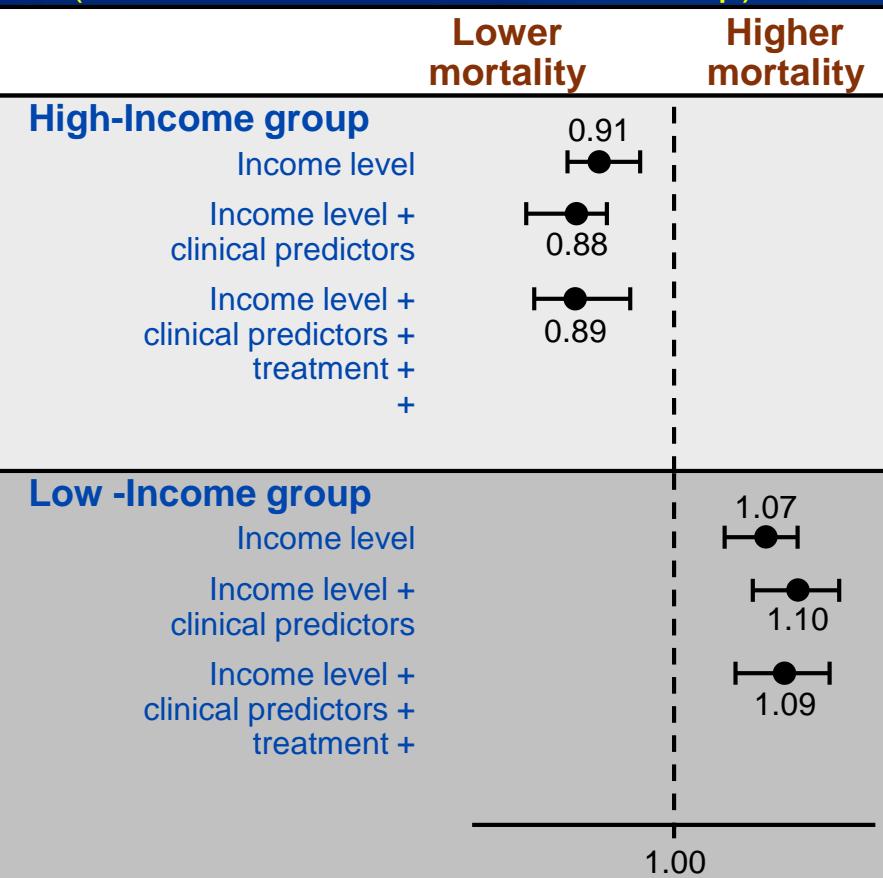
Arch Intern Med, 2004

- 132,130
- Medicare beneficiaries
Cooperative Cardiovascular Project



“Wealth is independently associated with health”

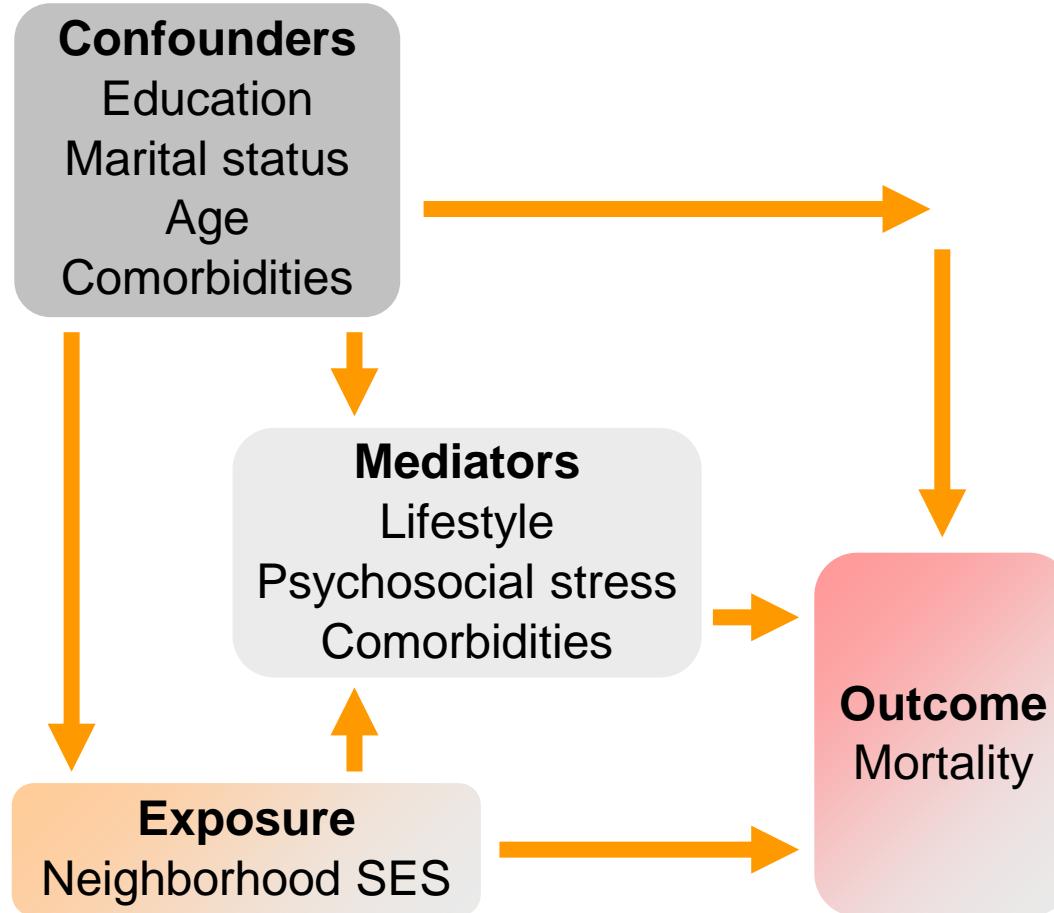
Adjusted Relative Risk
(Reference is Middle Income Group)



Associations Between Neighborhood Socioeconomic Status and All-Cause Mortality

Swedish Primary Care Population With AFib

Potential Explanations



Wändell et al: Int J Cardiol 202:776, 2016

Phase 5

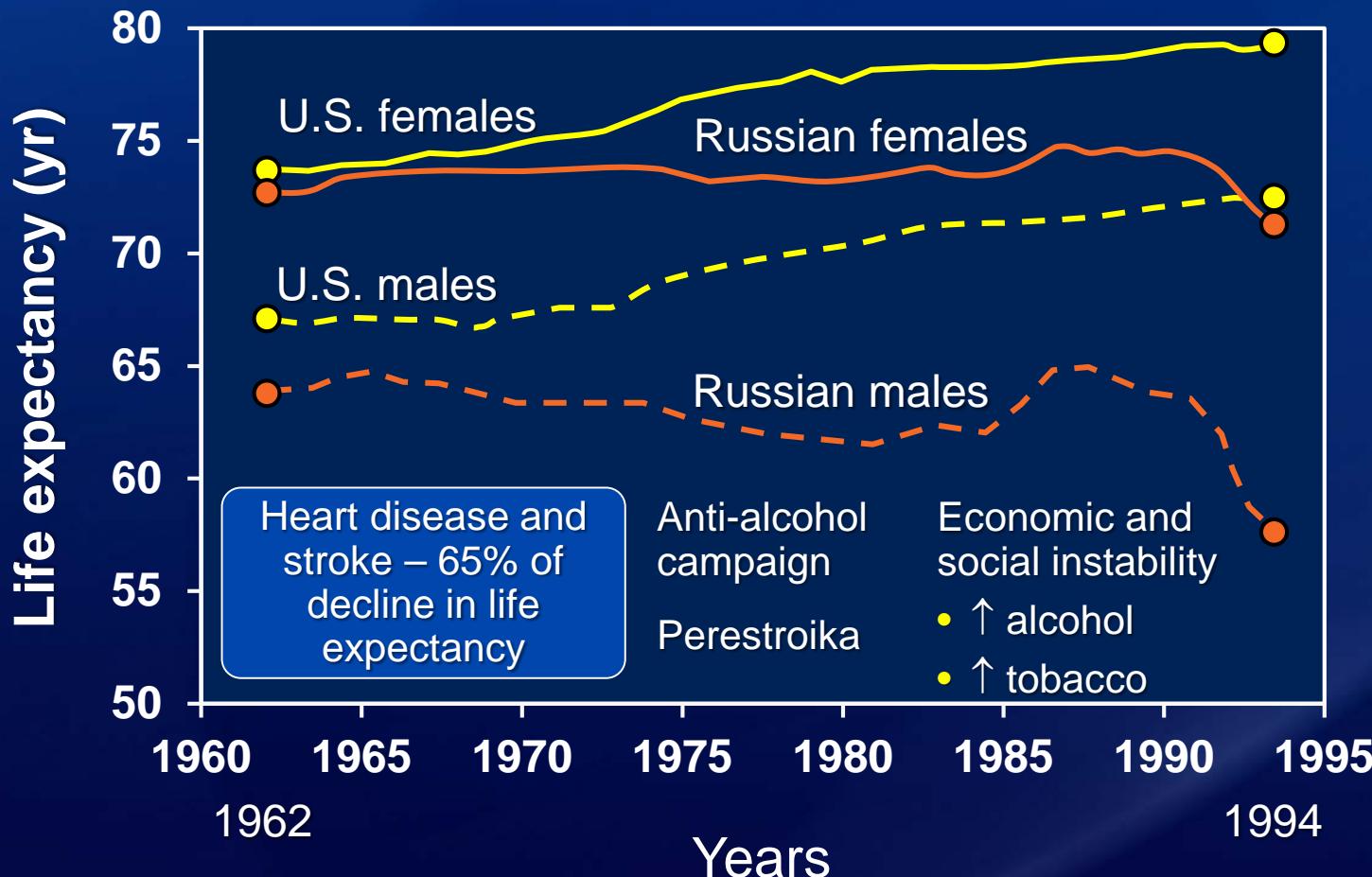
(phase of increasing CV mortality)

?

- The negative impact of social upheaval and health regression
- The age of inactivity and obesity

Declining Life Expectancy in Russia

Life Expectancy at Birth



Notzon: JAMA, 1998

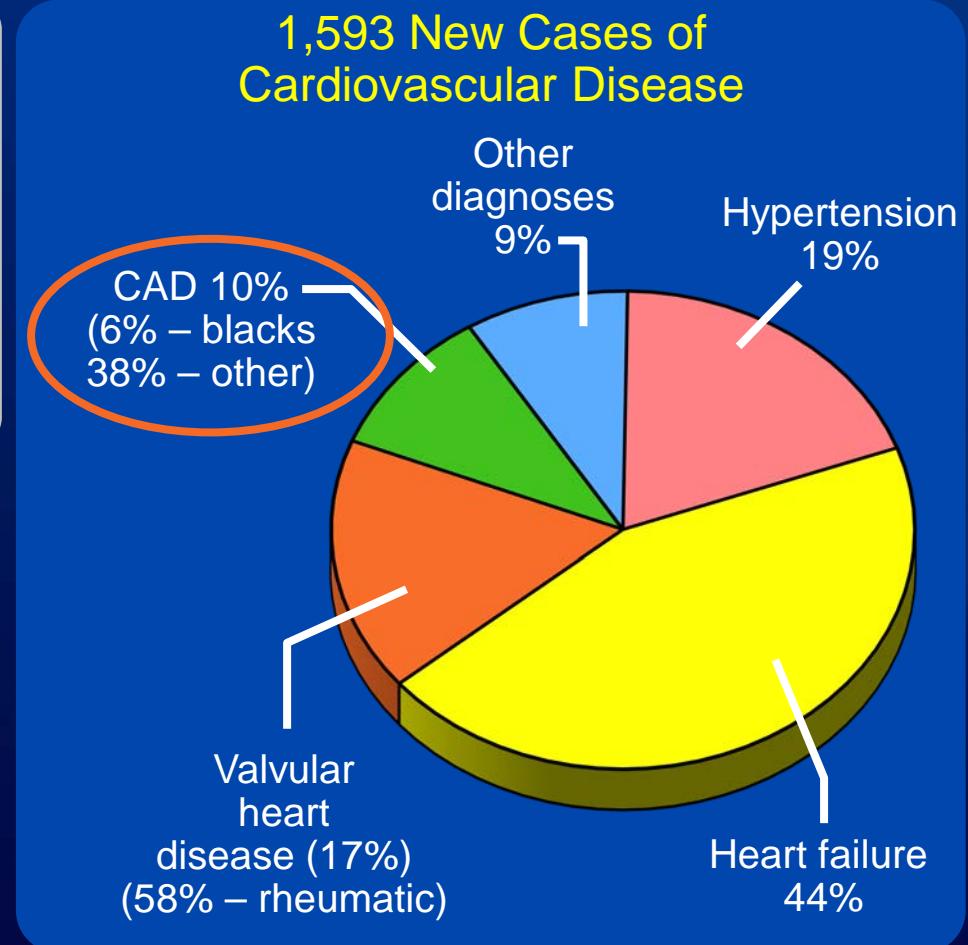
Time course of the epidemic

Rapid onset but control of risk factors
can have surprisingly positive and
early benefits

Spectrum of Heart Disease in Urban Blacks in S Africa – 2006

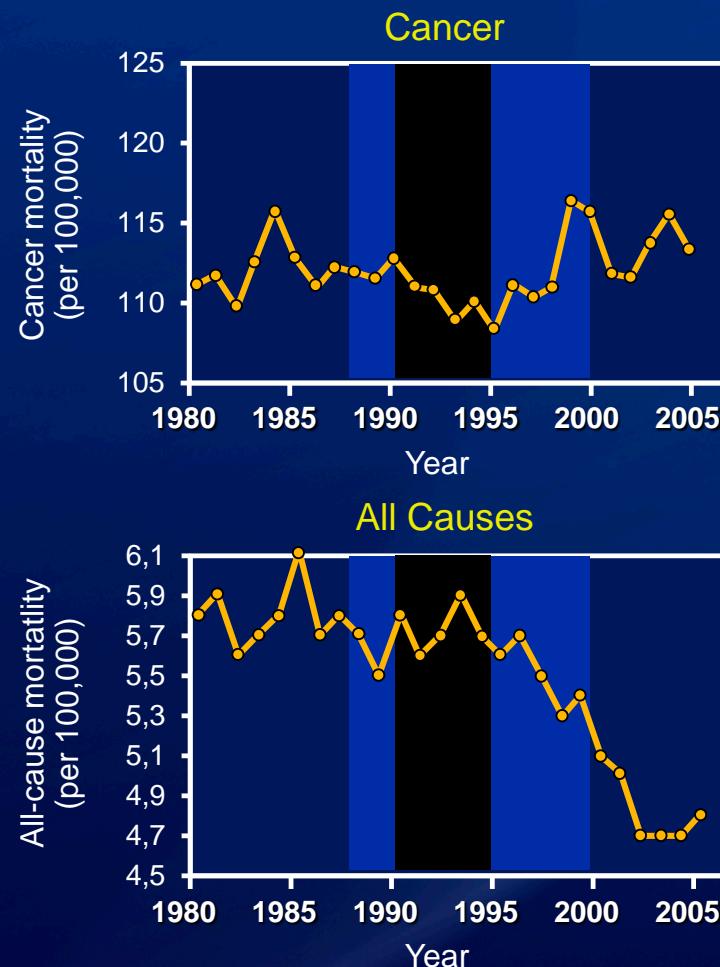
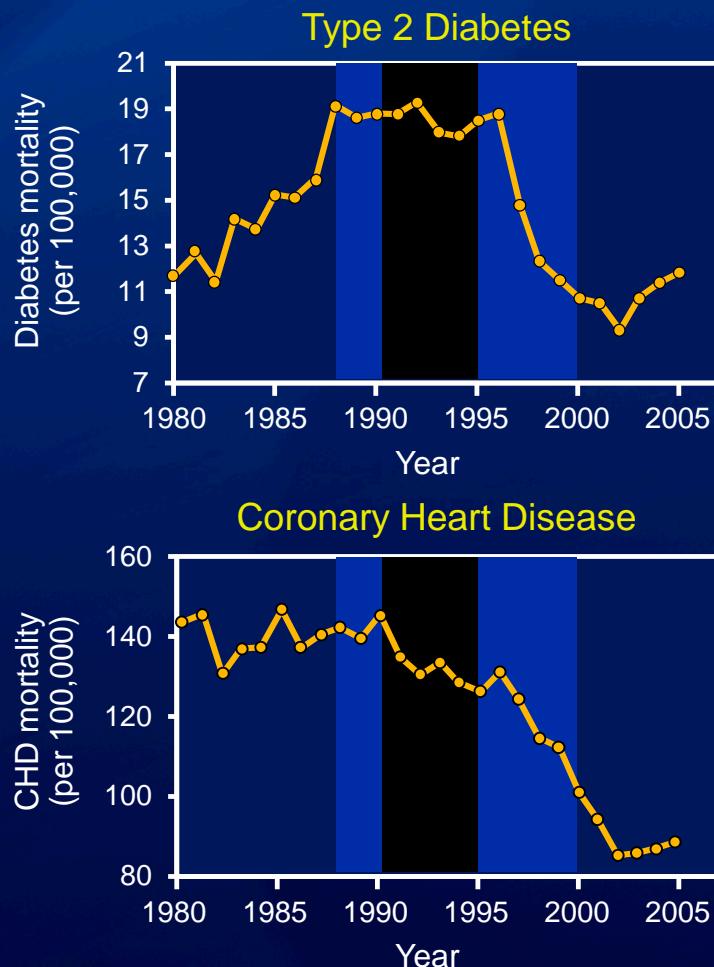
The Heart of Soweto Study

- 1.1 million est.
- 85% black
59% women
- Mean age 52.8 yr
- CV risk factors – 87%



Sliwa: Lancet, 2008

Trends in Age-Adjusted Mortality in Cuba Economic Crisis 1989-2000

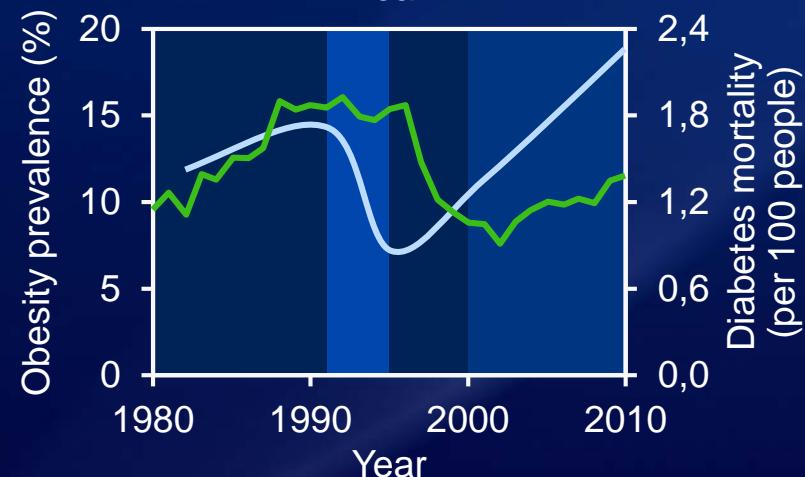
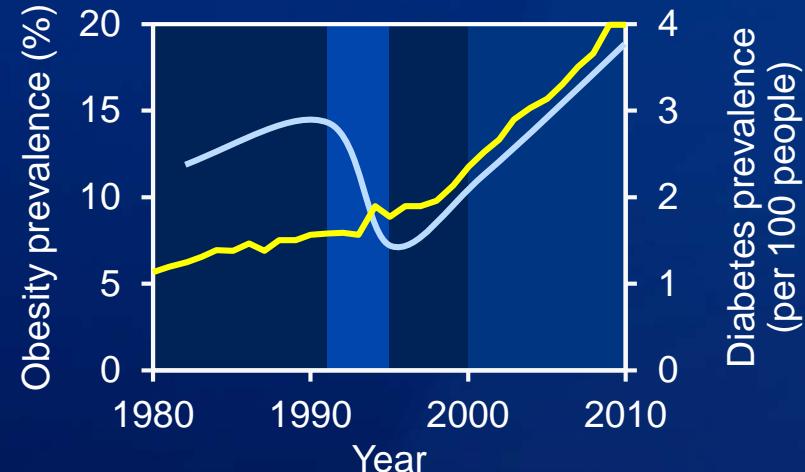
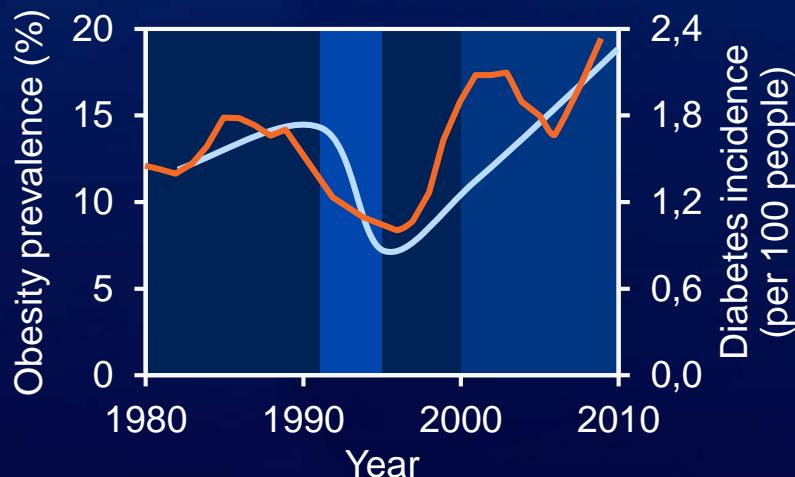
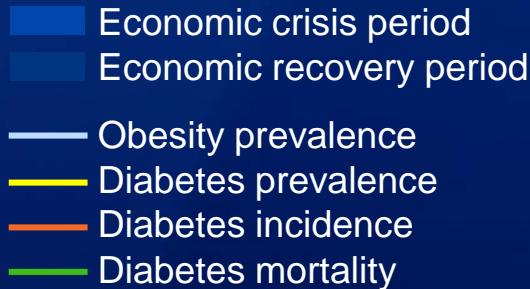


Franco: Am J Epidemiol, 2007

Population-Wide Weight Loss and Regain in Relation to Diabetes Burden and CV Mortality in Cuba

- Cross-sectioned surveys

- 1980-2010



Franco: BMJ 2013

The Positive Model of the Hunter-Gatherer Life Style

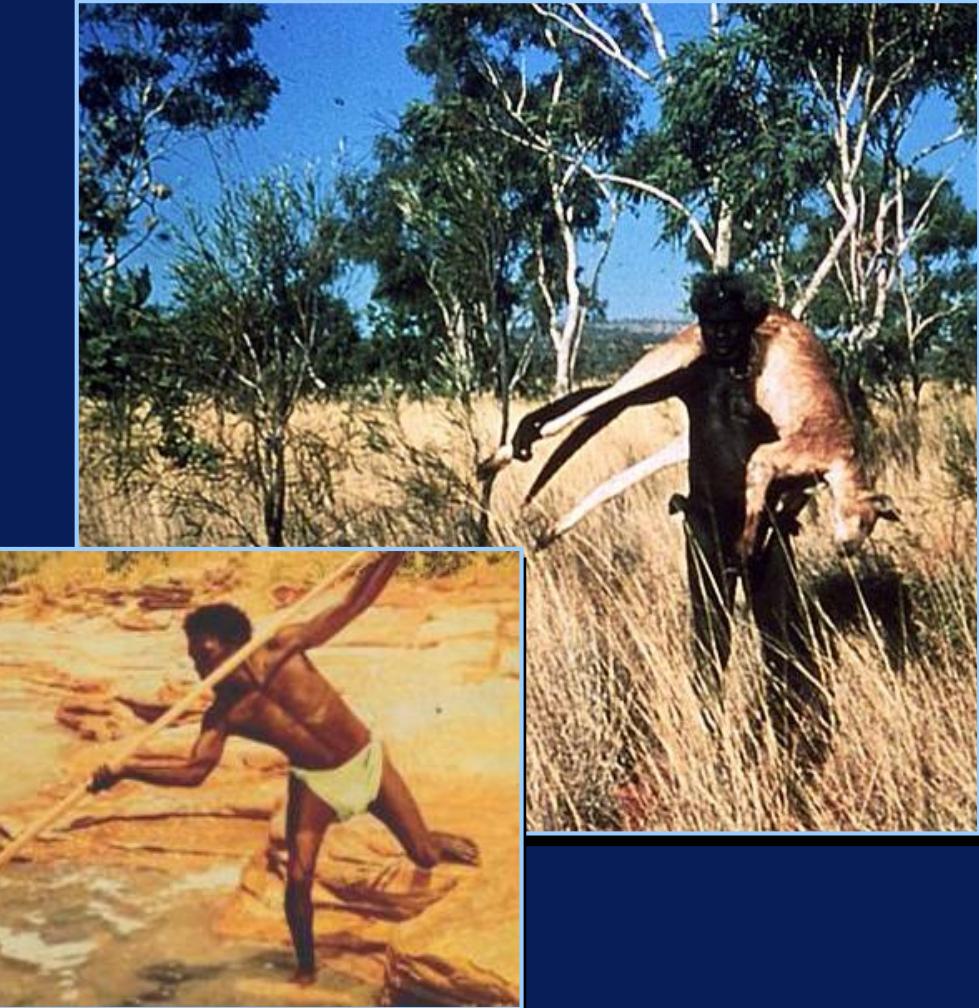
- 10 Aborigines
- Derby, Western Australia
- Diabetics

Baseline



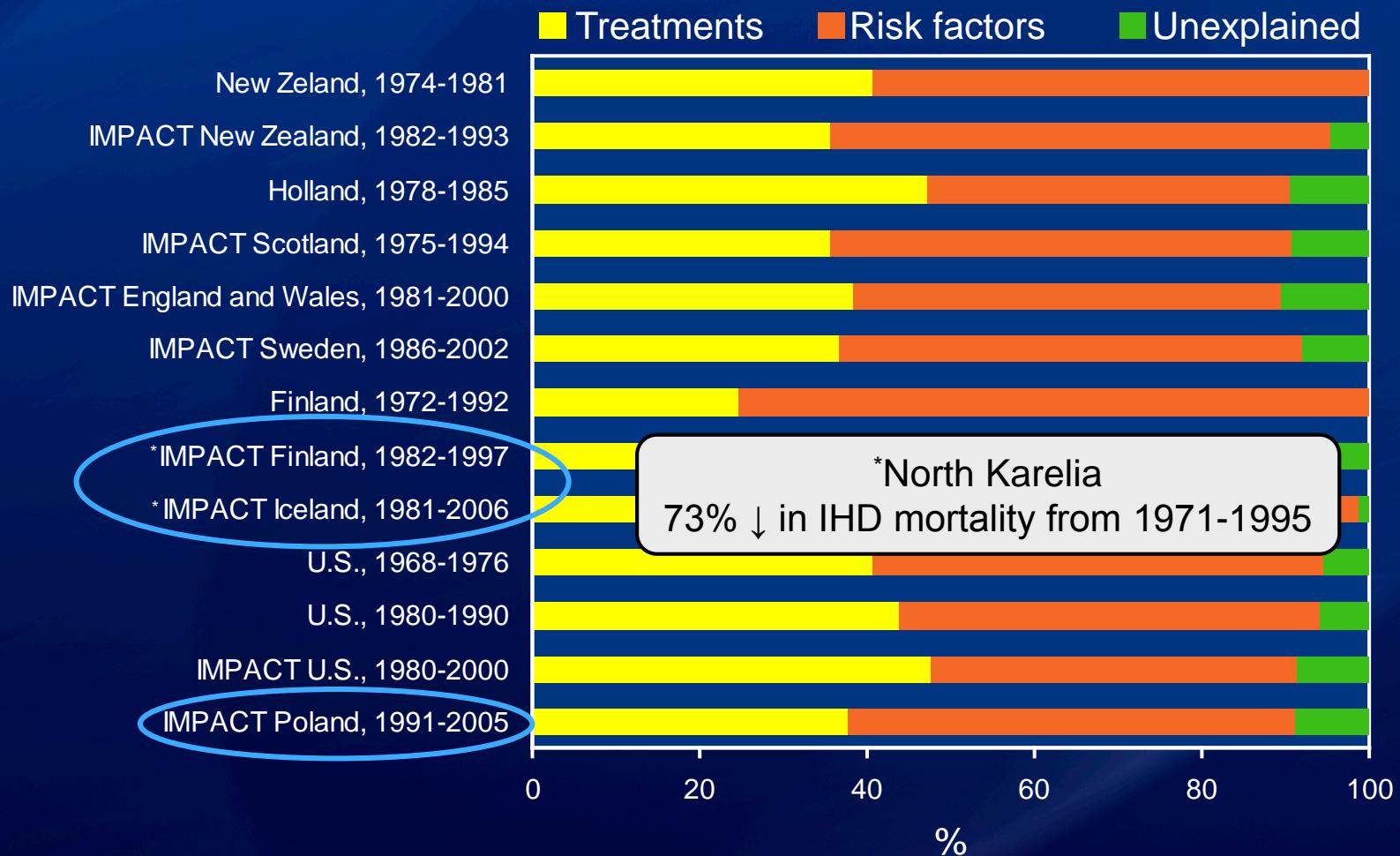
7 weeks as
hunter-gatherers

“The major metabolic abnormalities of diabetes were either greatly improved or completely normalized”



O'Dea: Diabetes, 1984
Brown, 2011

Proportion of Reduction in Deaths Due to CHD Attributable to Treatments and Changes in Risk Factors



Ford: NEJM, 2007
Banosz: BMJ, 2012

Socioeconomic status and health

It is a complex relationship with risk factor control, access to care and adherence to therapy the common denominators