

TURIN, 20TH-21ST NOVEMBER 2008

GREAT INNOVATIONS

4TH JOINT MEETING WITH MAYO CLINIC

4TH TURIN CARDIOVASCULAR NURSING CONVENTION



SESSION I: PERSPECTIVES IN ISCHEMIC HEART DISEASE (PART I)

M. Bell (Rochester-MN-USA)

Update on Mayo Clinic STEMI program

2008 Great Innovations in Cardiology JMMC 4th Joint Meeting with Mayo Clinic November 2008

Update on Mayo Clinic STEMI Program

Malcolm Bell MBBS, FRACP Professor of Medicine Mayo Clinic Rochester, MN. USA



Reperfusion for STEMI 1994-2003 (NRMI)

Non transfers <12 hours



No reperfusion: Delayed No chest pain Women ■ >75 yrs Non white Prior CABG Prior CHF Prior angina

Nallamothu BK: Am J Med 2007

Inter-hospital Transfer (NRMI 3+4) Door-to-Balloon Time in USA

.....Reality check.....

<90 min

4.2%



16.2%

Nallamothu B: Circ 2005

Need a reliable system of care that can deliver these reperfusion therapies to all eligible patients in a timely and consistent manner

Since 2004: ED-STEMI at Mayo

ED triage and ECG < 5 min

Cath activated by ED staff
 <u>Single</u> group page: text
 "Hot potato" pagers

 Arrive in cath lab 30-45 min from ED door
 – Cath lab active 20 min



Non PCI Hospitals



US Guidelines ACC/AHA – 2004 <u>and 2007</u>

Class I: STEMI patients presenting to a facility without the capability for expert, prompt intervention with primary PCI within 90 minutes of first medical contact should undergo fibrinolysis unless contraindicated. (Level of Evidence: A)

Rochester, Minnesota – January and February and March and April....

Mayo Clinic FAST TRACK Protocol for Regional STEMI Patients



Fax Labs and ECG to St. Mary's Coronary Care Unit (507-255-5745) CK-MB, Troponin, CBC, Electrolytes, BUN, Cr, Glucose, Magnesium, INR, PTT, Portable CXR

 Target Time Metrics:
 Regional Door - to - Balloon: Total Time < 120 min</th>

 Regional Door - to - ECG
 < 5 min</td>

 ECG - to - Mayo One Activation
 < 15 min</td>

 Mayo One Activation - to - Door 2
 < 60 min</td>

 Door 2 - to - Balloon
 < 30 min</td>

MD Signature:

Date:



Ting HH: Circ 2007

Regional STEMI Patients Treated with Primary PCI or Fibrinolysis



Ting HH: Circ 2007

Sustained Door-to-balloon Times



Nestler D: Submitted 2008

Mayo Clinic STEMI Experience Through November 2008

		Hospital	6-month
	DTB/DTN	Death	Death/MI
St Marys PCI	68 min	7.4%	15.3%
(484)	75% <90		
Regional PCI	119 min	6.5%	14.5%
(246)	14% <90		
Regional Lysis	27 min	3.2%	14.5%
(248)	65% <30		



Chakrabarti A: JACC 2008

Keys to Success

Team work – every step Communication Emergency department and Cardiology - Regional hospitals Standardized care (evidence-based) - and.....keep it simple Continuous improvement – QI oversight Routine feedback

FAST TRACK STEMI Patient Feedback

	Date	Time	Time, min
Arrival Door One	1/4/2008	18:40	
Initial ECG		18:53	0:13
Fast Track Activation		19:04	0:11
Depart Regional Hospital		19:20	0:16
Door 2		19:27	0:07
Cath Lab Start		19:36	0:09
Balloon/Reperfusion		19:48	0:21
Aspirin given	1/4/2008		
Beta Blocker given	1/4/2008		

Saint Marys Hospital Door-to-Balloon Time Regular Hours vs. Off-hours 1.00 **Cumulative probability** 0.75 **P=0.085** 64 min 74 min 0.50 0.25 **Regular hours Off-hours** 0.00 60 120 180 240 0 **Door-to-balloon time (minutes)**

Holmes DR, et al. JACC-INTV 2008;1:88-96

Pre-hospital ECGs





Pre-hospital Activation of Cath Lab by EMS 12-lead ECG at scene Minimize time at scene if ***STEMI*** - "load and go!" No wireless transmission Communications notified - STEMI page sent out First clinical evaluation in cath lab

Mayo Clinic: Pre-hospital ECG



Door-to-balloon time = 30 minutes (75 min from 911 call)

Future Challenges and Issues

Increase awareness in community Avoid delays if acute chest pain "Heart Attack Centers" – Has their time come? Regional networks of care Coordination of care and resources - Bypass non PCI hospitals Treatment in field One system does not fit all





1 km from St Marys Hospital Last Winter







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