



# How can new technologies help improving outcome and safety in interventional cardiology



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**Elettrostimolazione**

**Emodinamica**

**Elettrofisiologia**

**Strutturale**



**1987**

From direct current shocks to radiofrequency ablation

Smaller and controllable lesions

1987



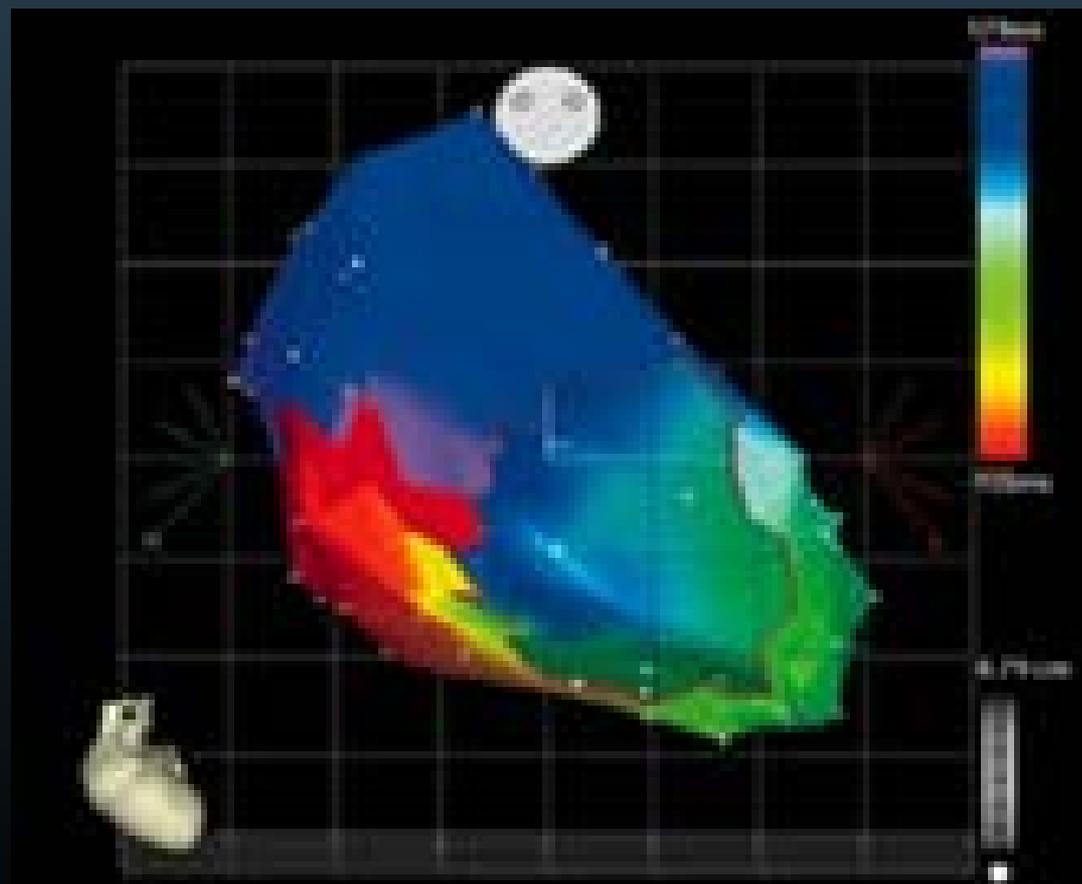
1995

Electroanatomic  
mapping system

Complex arrhythmias

X- rays reduction

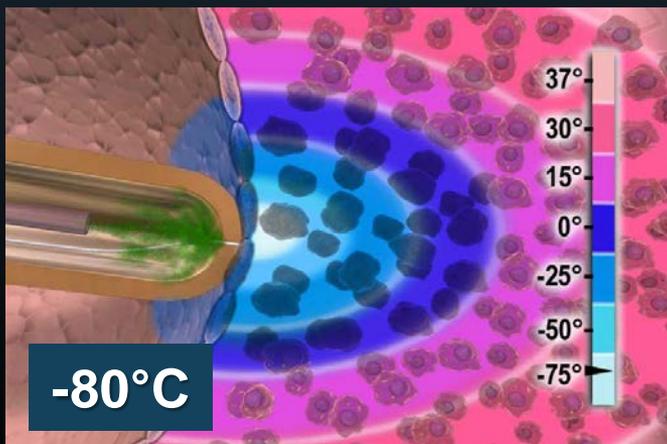
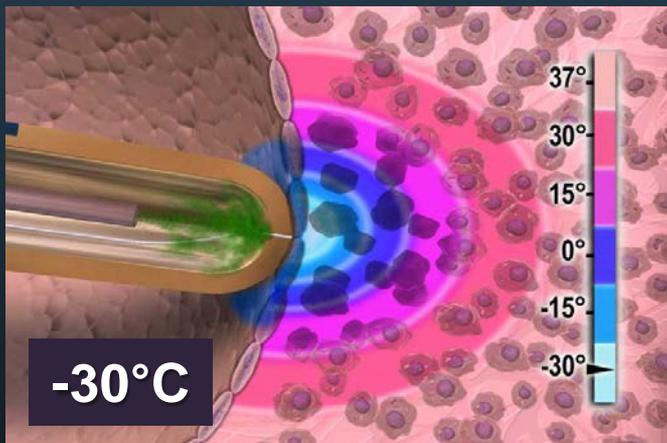
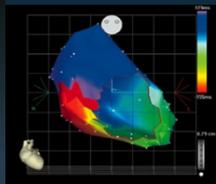
**AF:**  
from 94 min (1998)  
to 2.5 min (2015)



1987



1995



## 1998 Crioenergy

Test lesion

Ablation close to AV Node:  
parahissian WPW, Nodal tachycardia

AV Block Reduction :

Parahissian WPW: **RF 5%**

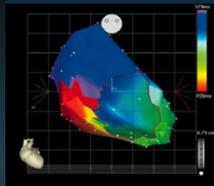
AVNRT: **RF 0.7-1.7%**

**Virtually  
0%**

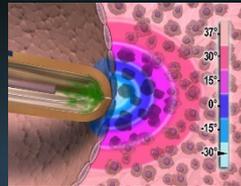
1987



1995



1998



## 2002 Irrigated tip

No charring

Larger lesion, left side



RF  
ablation  
cathete  
r

4 mm



RF ablation  
cooled  
catheter

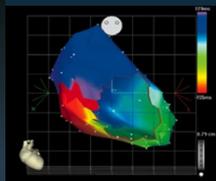
4 mm



1987



1995



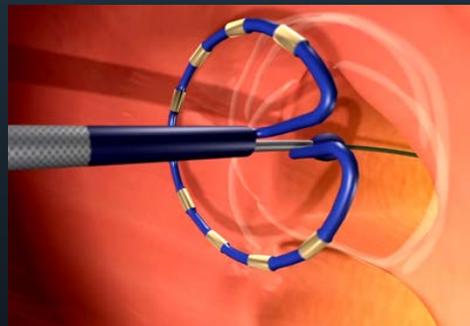
1998



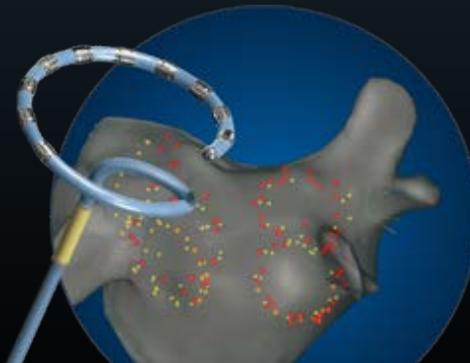
2002



## 2005 One shot system



Easy to use

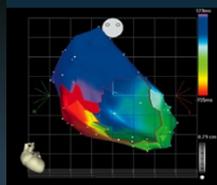


Efficacy comparable to  
traditional  
radiofrequency

1987



1995



1998



2002

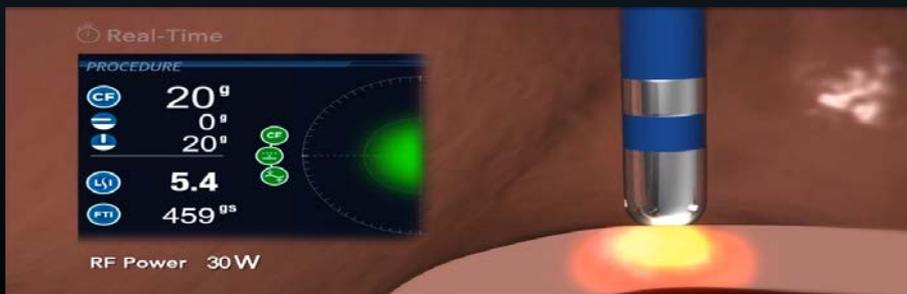


2005



## 2010 Contact Force

**Contact confirmation:  
more efficiency**

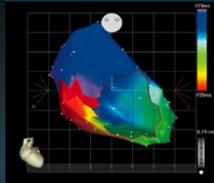


**Warning excessive strength:  
more safeness**

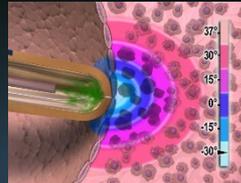
1987



1995



1998



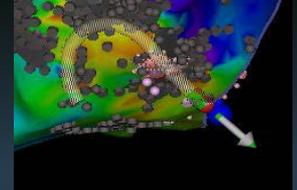
2002



2005



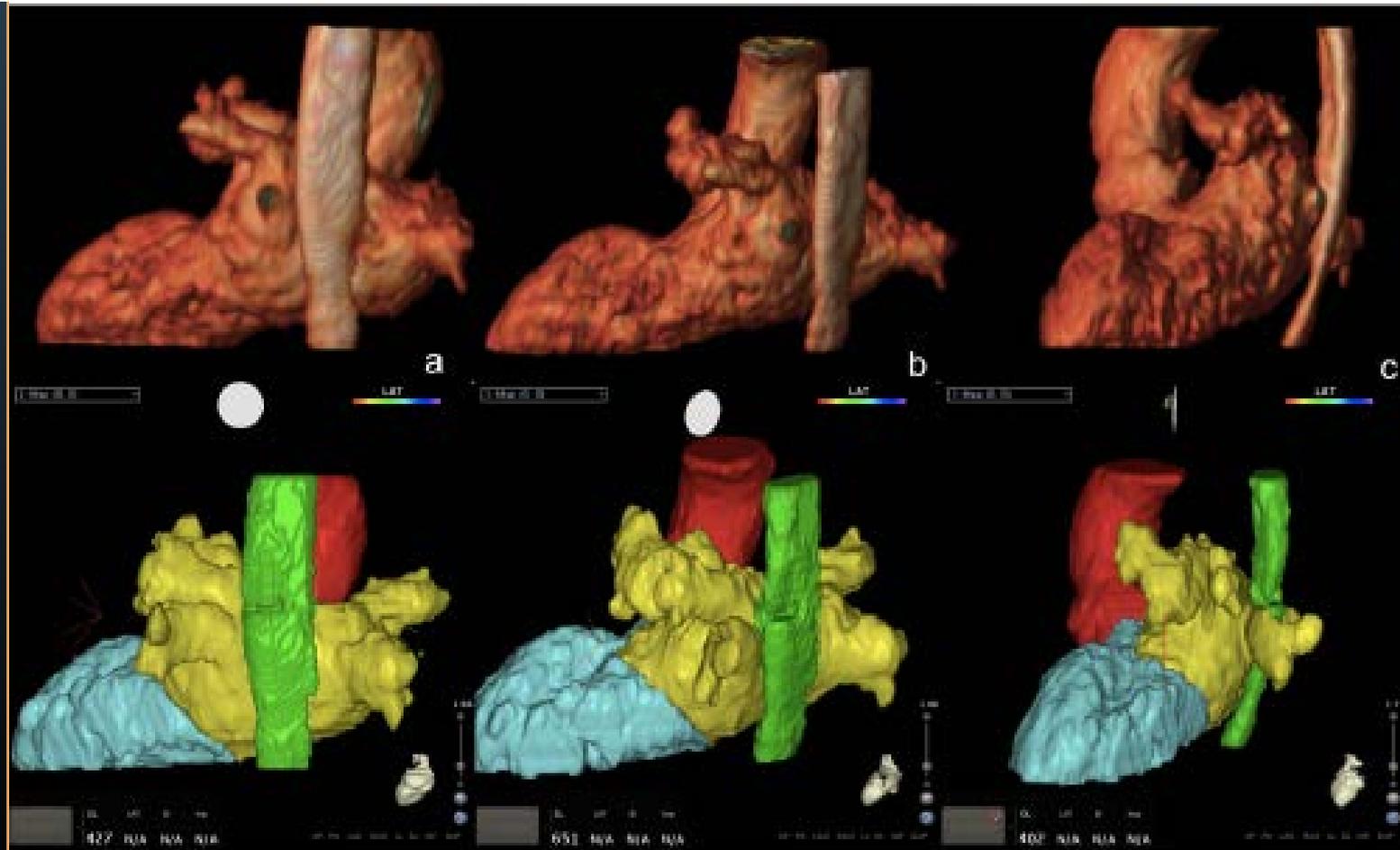
2010



2014-2015

# Use of oral gadobenate dimeglumine to visualise the oesophagus during magnetic resonance angiography in patients with atrial fibrillation prior to catheter ablation

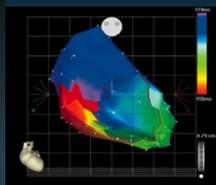
Riccardo Faletti<sup>1</sup>, Alessandro Rapellino<sup>1\*</sup>, Francesca Barisone<sup>1</sup>, Matteo Anselmino<sup>2</sup>, Federico Ferraris<sup>2</sup>, Paolo Fonio<sup>1</sup>, Fiorenzo Gaita<sup>2</sup> and Giovanni Gandini<sup>1</sup>



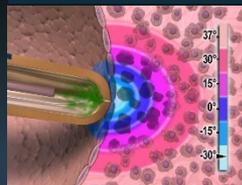
1987



1995



1998



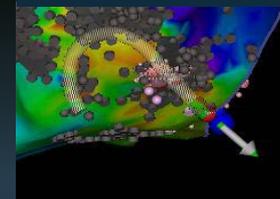
2002



2005



2010



# 2014-2015

**Common  
Flutter**

**Atypical  
Flutter**

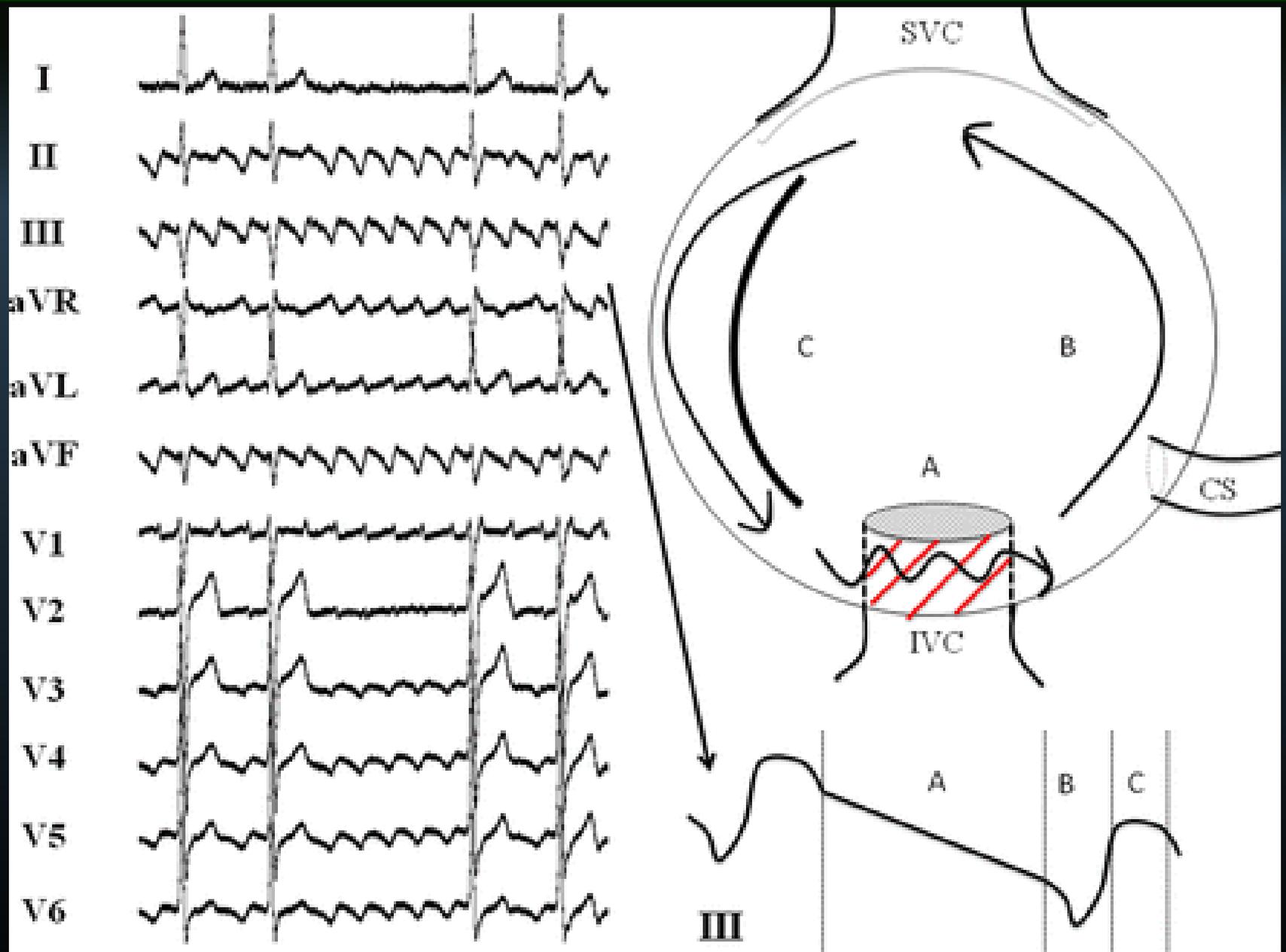
# Macroreentrant arrhythmia

Reentrant circuit

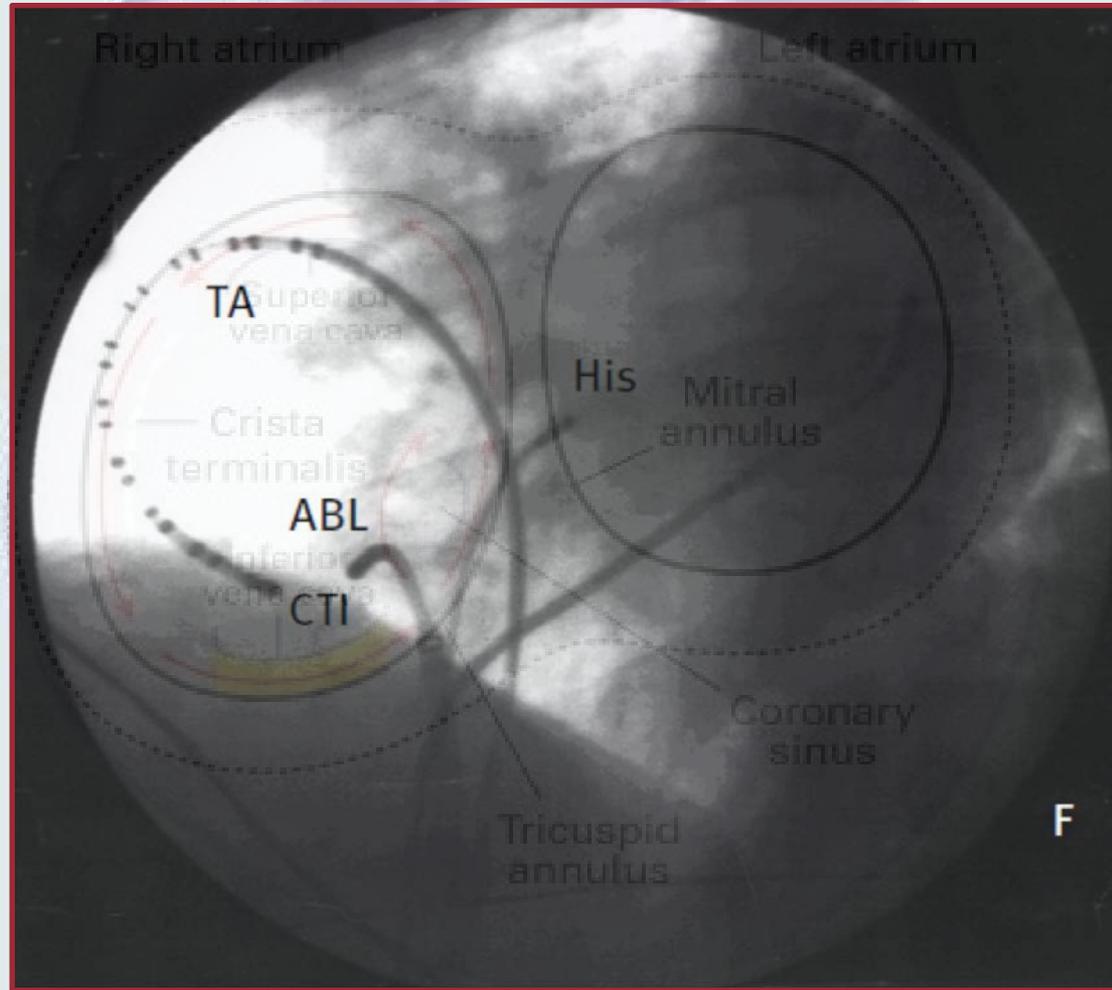
Critical Isthmus



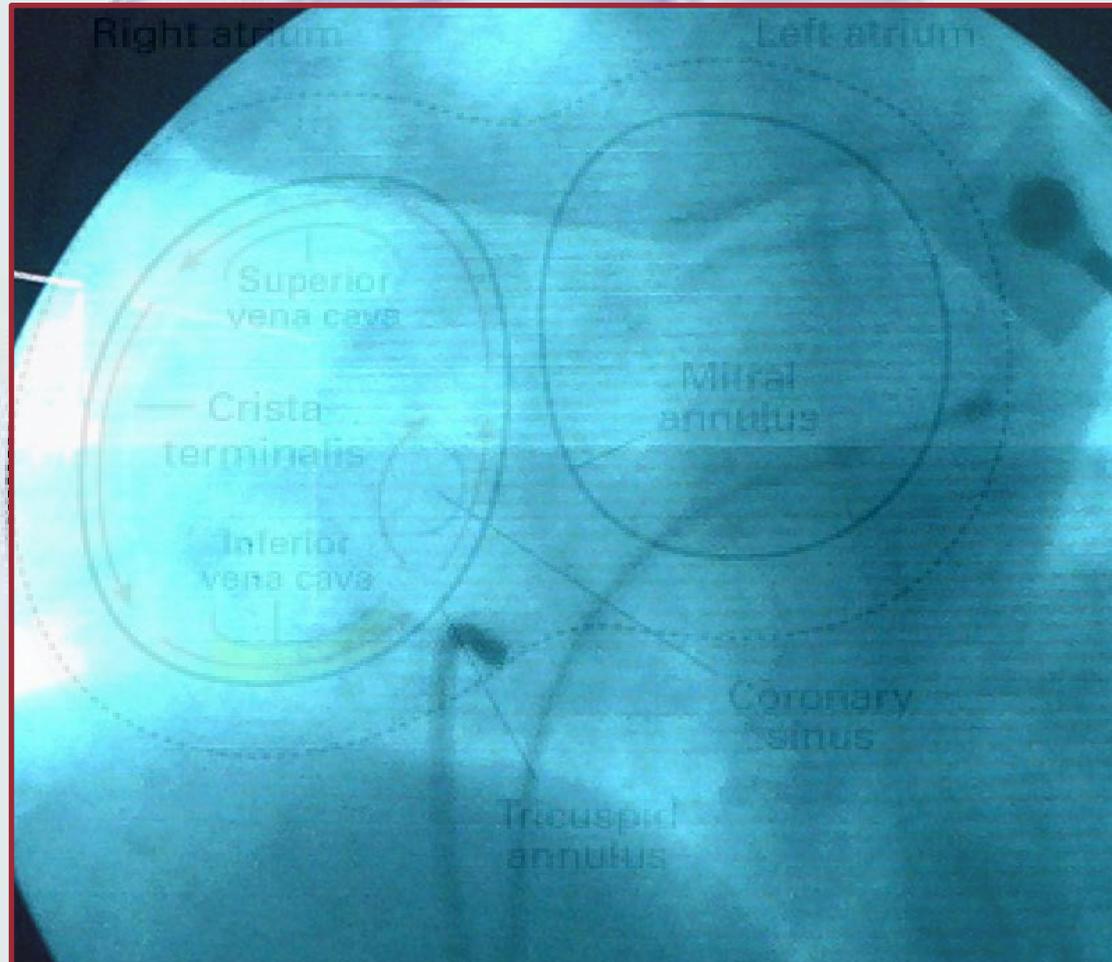
# Common Flutter



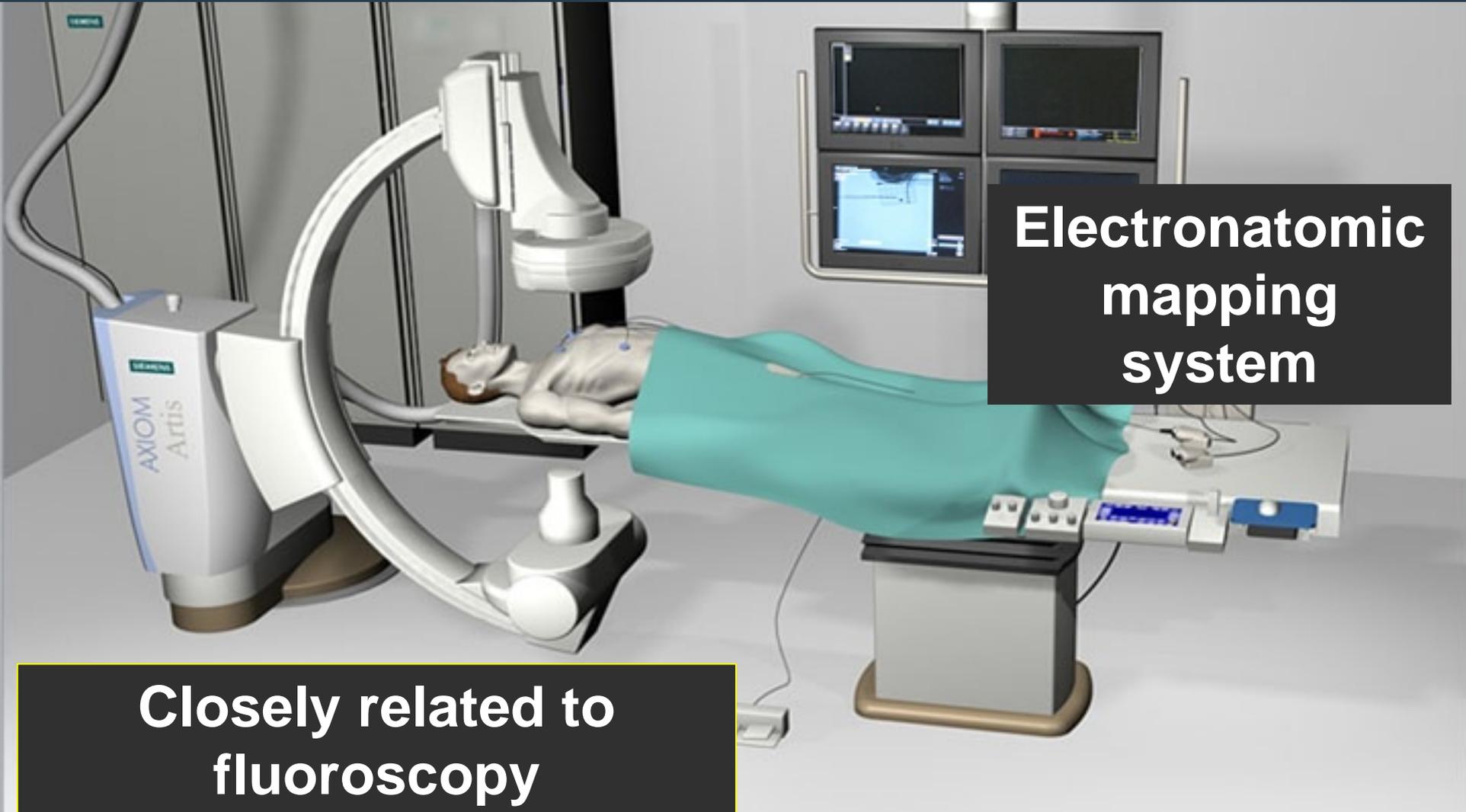
# Common Flutter



# Common Flutter



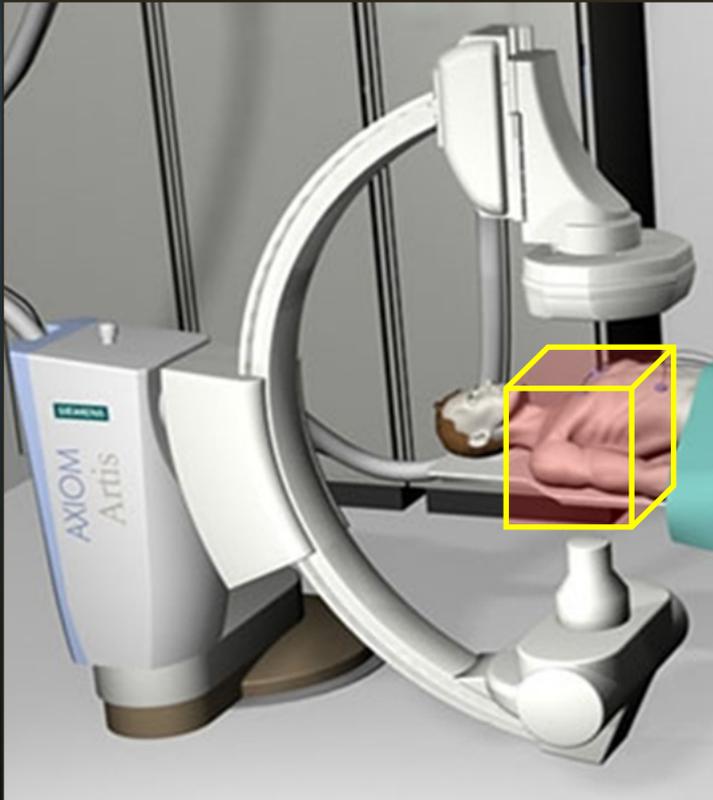
# MEDIGUIDE



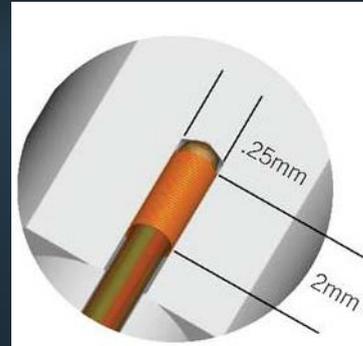
**Electronatomic  
mapping  
system**

**Closely related to  
fluoroscopy**

# Mediguide: **Sensor**



**Magnetic field generator**



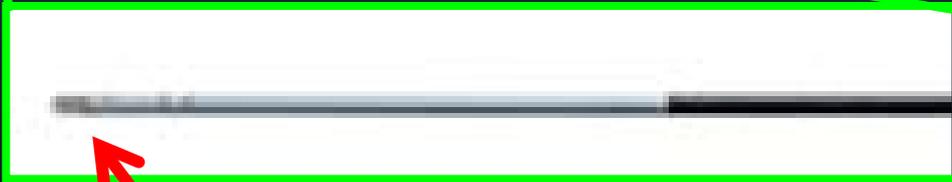
**Sensor**

**Coil**  
**0.25 x 2 mm**

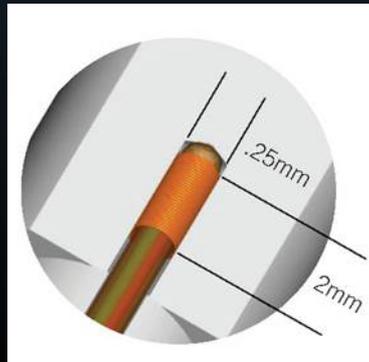
Integrated in tools  
(catheters, wires)

# Mediguide enabled catheter

Diagnostic	OD	Electrodes (Spacing)	Electrode Size	Curve
Livewire Diagnostic Catheter, MediGuide Enabled	6 F	10 (2-5-2)	2 mm tip 1 mm bands	Medium Sweep



Encapsulated sensor located here



# Mediguide: X-ray integration

Acquiring ECG-gated cine loop



Fluoroscopy (no need for fluorography)

3 cardiac cycles

Loop repeated, ECG synchronized

# Mediguide: X-ray integration

St Jude gMPS 2

25

7/20/1962  
1/23/2015  
8:47:10 AM



cm 20  
LAO 34 / CRD 11

[Live] [0000] Zoom: 1.0 SID: 98 LAO: 34 CA: 1

Turn Magnet OFF

St Jude gMPS 1

Procedure

Tools Setup Cine Reset Zoom Crop

New Close Patient Setup Tools About Exit

Livewire Out of MB

Ready for Cine

78 BPM



ST. JUDE MEDICAL

# Mediguide: X-ray integration

St Jude gMPS 2

St Jude gMPS 1

25

\* 7:59:19:52  
1/20/2015  
8:47:10 AM

cine #1  
LAO 34 CA 1

cine #2  
RAO 30 CA 1

cm 25  
LAO 34 CA 1

[Cine #1] [0047] Zoom: 1.0 SID: 98 LAO: 34 CA: 1

Turn Magnet OFF

\* 7:59:19:57  
1/20/2015  
8:48:47 AM

cm 25  
RAO 30 CA 1

[Cine #2] [0018] Zoom: 1.0 SID: 98 RAO: 30 CA: 1

Procedure Landmark Cine

Tools Live as Cine Reset Zoom Un-Crop

St. JUDE MEDICAL

Live Wire

Port2 Port3

Marks IVC CS OS CS Park More Land marks

Assign LM Show LM Hide All LM Undo Last

Livewire

Irregular heart rate

82 BPM

ECG EP Dialog

ECG EP Curve

CS positioning

# Mediguide: Landmark types

The screenshot displays the Mediguide interface for cardiac ablation. A central 'Landmarks' menu lists various anatomical points with corresponding icons. Two anatomical views of a patient's chest are shown, one on the left and one on the right, with colored landmarks overlaid. The interface includes a top-left control panel for cine loops, a bottom-left toolbar for tools and landmarks, a bottom-right status bar with patient information and vital signs, and a bottom-center 'Close' button.

### Landmarks

IVC	SVC	RVOT
CS OS	CS Park	RAA
RIPV Ostium	RSPV Ostium	Point Mark
LIPV Ostium	LSPV Ostium	OS

**Assign LM** **Show LM** **Undo Last**

**Close**

**Procedure** **Landmark** **Cineloop**

**Tools** CS gABL Port 3 **Landmarks** IVC CS OS CS Park IHI **More Land Marks** Assign LM Show LM

**ST. JUDE MEDICAL**

Motion Sensor Out of Range  **Ready For Cineloop**  Detector Out of Range

Smith John ID# 23456789

80 BPM

# Mediguide: His Landmark

St Jude gMPS 2      St Jude gMPS 1

25

\* 7/20/15 8:47:10 Z/L

cine #1 LAO 34 CA 1

cine #2 RAO 30 CA 1

PointMark

cm 25 LAO 34 CA 1

[Cine #1] [0048] Zoom: 1.0 SID: 98 LAO: 34 CA: 1

Turn Magnet OFF

\* 7/20/15 8:48:27 Z/L

cm 25 RAO 30 CA 1

[Cine #2] [0050] Zoom: 1.0 SID: 98 RAO: 30 CA: 1

Procedure Landmark Cine

Tools Setup Live as Cine Reset Zoom Un-Crop

Live Wire Port2 Port3 Marks IVC CS OS CS Park More Landmarks Assign LM Show LM Hide All LM Undo Last

Livewire

Ready for Cine

60 BPM

# Mediguide: Common Flutter Ablation

The image displays a medical procedure interface for a common flutter ablation. It is divided into several key sections:

- Top Left:** A fluoroscopic image showing the catheters in place. A blue circle highlights the RAA (Right Atrial Appendage) IVC. A "PointMark" is visible on the catheter. The interface includes a "Turn Magnet OFF" button.
- Top Right:** A schematic diagram of the heart's atria. Labels include: Right atrium, Left atrium, Superior vena cava, Crista terminalis, Inferior vena cava, Mitral annulus, Coronary sinus, and Tricuspid annulus. Red arrows indicate the ablation path around the tricuspid annulus.
- Bottom Left:** A panel showing vital signs: HR=71 bpm, 840 ms, BP=-31/-33/-33 mmHg, Power=30, Temp.=35, Imp.=84, Time=10. Below this are ECG waveforms for CS p [0.5], CS 7-8 [0.5], CS 5-4 [0.5], CS 3-4 [0.5], CS d [0.5], ABL d [0.3], ABL p [0.3], aVF [1.0], and V1 [1.0].
- Bottom Center/Right:** A log of procedure events with columns for Time and Description. The log shows:
  - 08:10:00 RF TURNED OFF SUCCESS
  - 08:10:05 RF TURNED ON SESSION 8
  - 08:10:10 RF TURNED OFF SUCCESS
  - 08:10:15 RF TURNED ON SESSION 10

# Atrial Flutter: Procedure

St Jude gMPS 2

cm 25 LAO 34° / 0° [Cine #4] [0054] Zoom: 1.2 SID: 100 LAO: 34 CA: 2

St Jude gMPS 1

cm 25 RAO 34° / 0° [Cine #3] [0070] Zoom: 1.2 SID: 100 RAO: 34 CA: 2

St Jude Ensite

No Sig

Procedure Landmark Cine

Tools: Port1, Live Wire, Abl Gath, Marks, IVC, CS OS, CS Park, More Land marks, Assign LM, Show LM, Hide All LM, Undo Last

2 Livewire, 3 Ablation

Ready for Cine

72 BPM

ECG EP Dialog

Page 2 Protocol: Ablation.wc3

HR= 71 bpm, 840 ms, BP= -31/-33/-33 mmHg

Power=30 Temp.=35 Imp.=84 Time=10

ECG EP Curve

LAO PICOLO GLAUSMO ABL - A FLUTTER EP WorkMap The Completely Integrated EP Platform

Auto Record Used: 00:21 Views Save 22:09:2014

8 up Record Free: 16:49 Help Recall 09:24:11

LIBERATION WINDOW

POWER	TEMP	IMPED
30	35	95
30	35	84

CYCLES: 10 on 22:09:2014 at 9:2 rev: 141

Power: 30 Temp: 35 Imped: 95 Total: 0:08:35

Power: 30 Temp: 35 Imped: 84 Total: 0:10

Success: IBI 1500T

Time Description

- 09:19:00 RF TURNED OFF 33 SECS
- 09:19:27 RF TURNED ON SESSION 9
- 09:20:14 RF TURNED OFF 47 SECS
- 09:34:01 RF TURNED ON SESSION 10

Select All Delete Filter

1A CS 7-8 15.16 1B CS 5-6 37.38 2A ABL\_d 51.52 2B

# Mediguide: Common Flutter Ablation

Mediguide X-Ray

Traditional X-Ray

5,30 min

11 min

## Fluoroscopy Reduction

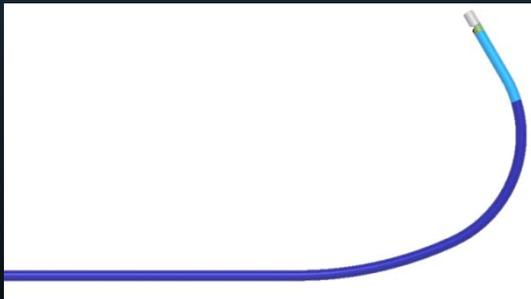


# Mediguide: **Procedures**

**CRT**

# CRT : Delivery Tools

Delivery Tool	OD (Fr)	ID (Fr)	Models
CPS Direct +, MediGuide Enabled outer catheter	10.1	8	115°
			135°
			Wide
CPS Aim +, MediGuide Enabled inner catheter	7.9	5.9	90° subselector
			135° subselector
			CSL cannulator



Outer catheter hub

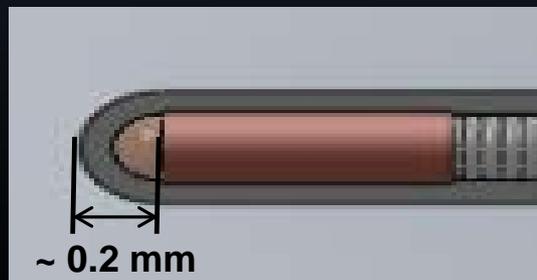
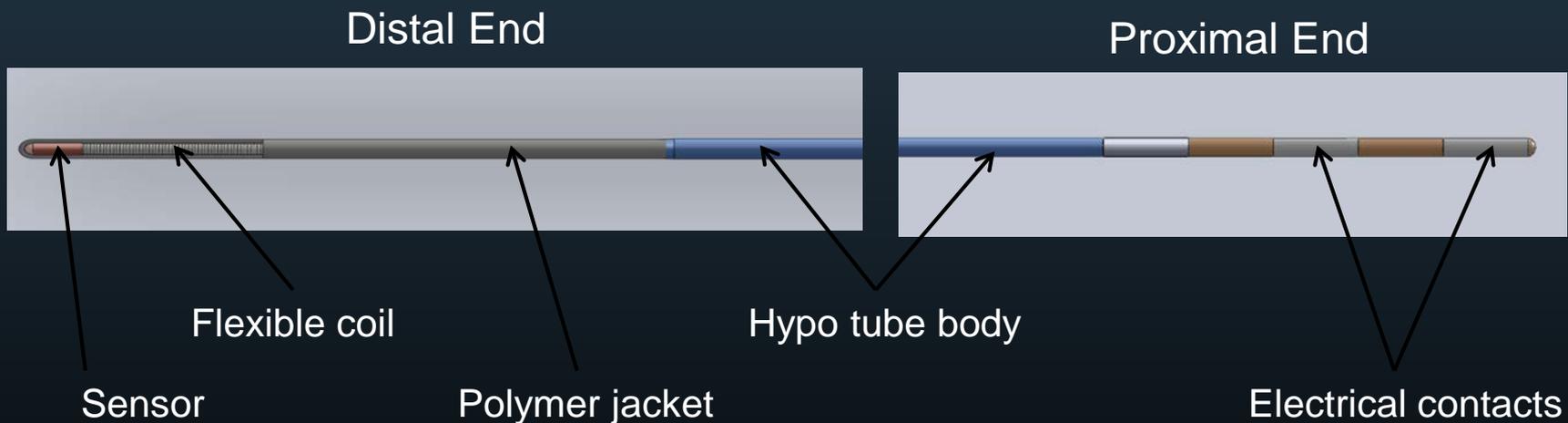


Inner catheter hub

\*510K and CE Mark pending

# CRT : Guidewire

Delivery Tool	OD	Length	Models
CPS Courier +, MediGuide Enabled, Guidewire	0.014"	195 cm	Soft
			Medium
			Extra Firm



Soft, Medium, and Extra Firm

# CRT : Venography

St Jude gMPS 2      St Jude gMPS 1

9/23/2014 11:37:43 AM      \* 5/01/091  
9/23/2014 11:21:31 AM

cm 25 RAO 1 CA 3 [Cine #5] [0042] Zoom: 1.1 SID: 102 RAO: 1 CA: 3      cm 25 LAO 30 CA 3 [Cine #4] [0026] Zoom: 1.0 SID: 102 LAO: 30 CA: 3

Turn Magnet OFF

Procedure Landmark View Cine Angio Survey 3D

Tools Setup Fuse Cine Live as Cine Reset Zoom

1 Livewire 2 Outer 3 Wire      1 Out of MB 1 Disengaged

Ready for Cine      64 BPM

Left Display Cine      Right Display Cine

# CRT : catheter

St Jude gMPS 2

9/23/2014  
11:21:30 AM

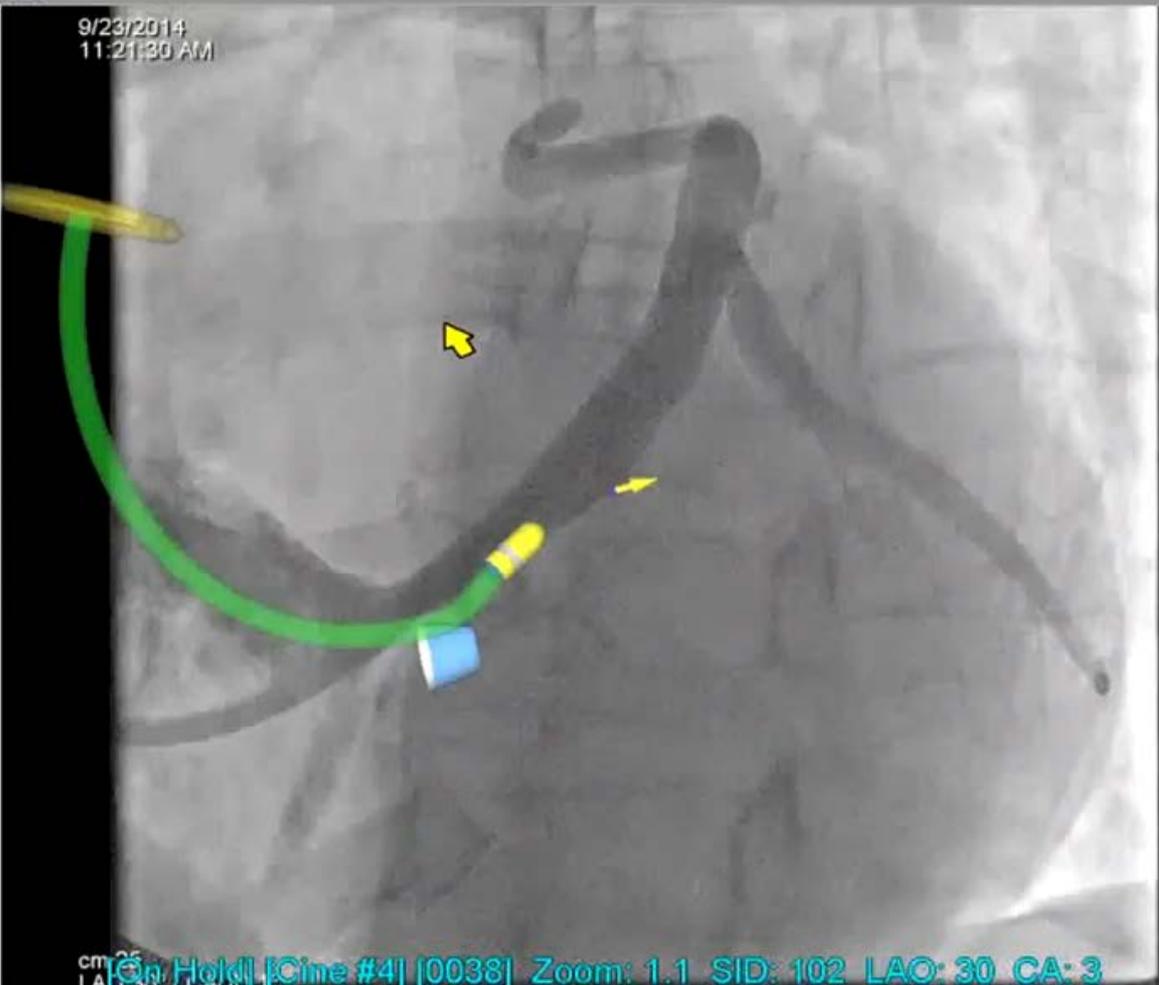
25

cine #1  
RAO 2 CA 3

cine #2  
LAO 35 CA 3

cine #3  
LAO 30 CA 3

cine #4  
LAO 30 CA 3



cm 25  
LAO 30 CA 3

Turn Magnet OFF

Procedure Landmark View Cine Angio Survey<sup>®</sup> 3D

Tools Setup Fuse Cine Live as Cine Reset Zoom

Start Left Cine End

Start Right Cine End

Left Display Cine Right Display Cine

Live Assist

# CRT : catheter

St Jude gMPS 2

25

Live Fluoro

5/8/1991  
9/23/2014  
11:32:01 AM

cine #1  
RAO 2 CA 3

cine #2  
LAO 35 CA 3

cine #3  
LAO 30 CA 3

cine #4  
LAO 30 CA 3

cm 25  
LAO 30

[Live] [0001] Zoom: 1.0 SID: 102 LAO: 30 CA: 3

Turn Magnet OFF

Procedure Landmark View Cine

Tools Setup Fuse Cine Live as Cine Reset Zoom

Road Map Start Left Cine End Start Right Cine End

Left Display Cine Right Display Cine

Live Assist

# Mediguide: **CRT** e radioesposizione

## CRT

**Mediguide X-Ray**

**8 min (min 2.5)**

Common Flutter

Atypical Flutter

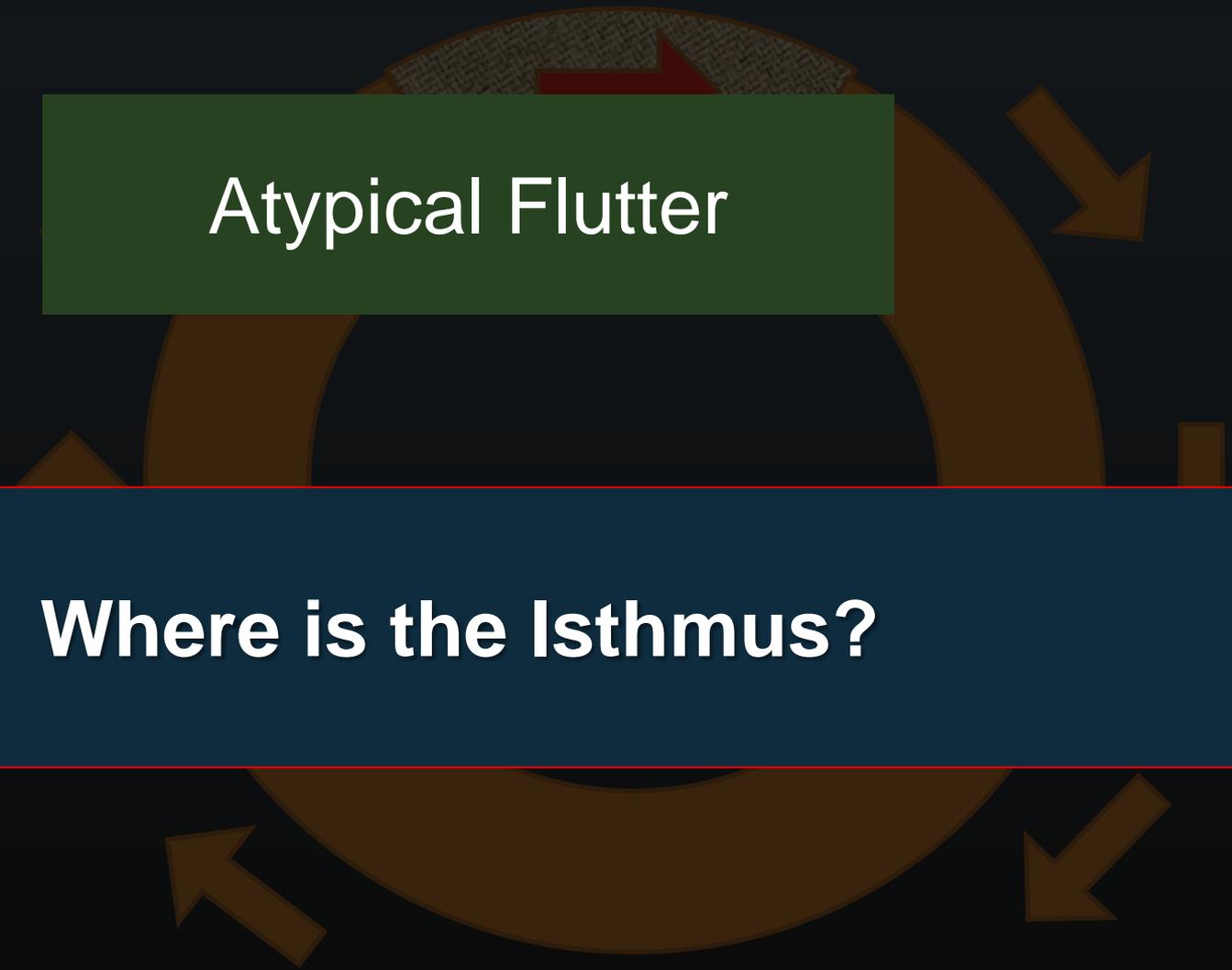
# Macroreentrant arrhythmia

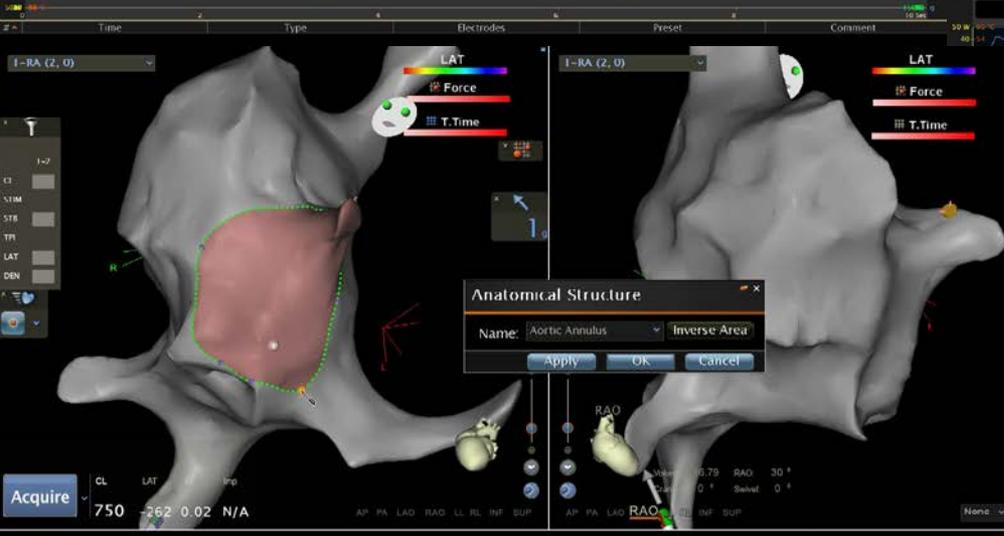
Reentrant  
circuit

Atypical Flutter

Where is the Isthmus?

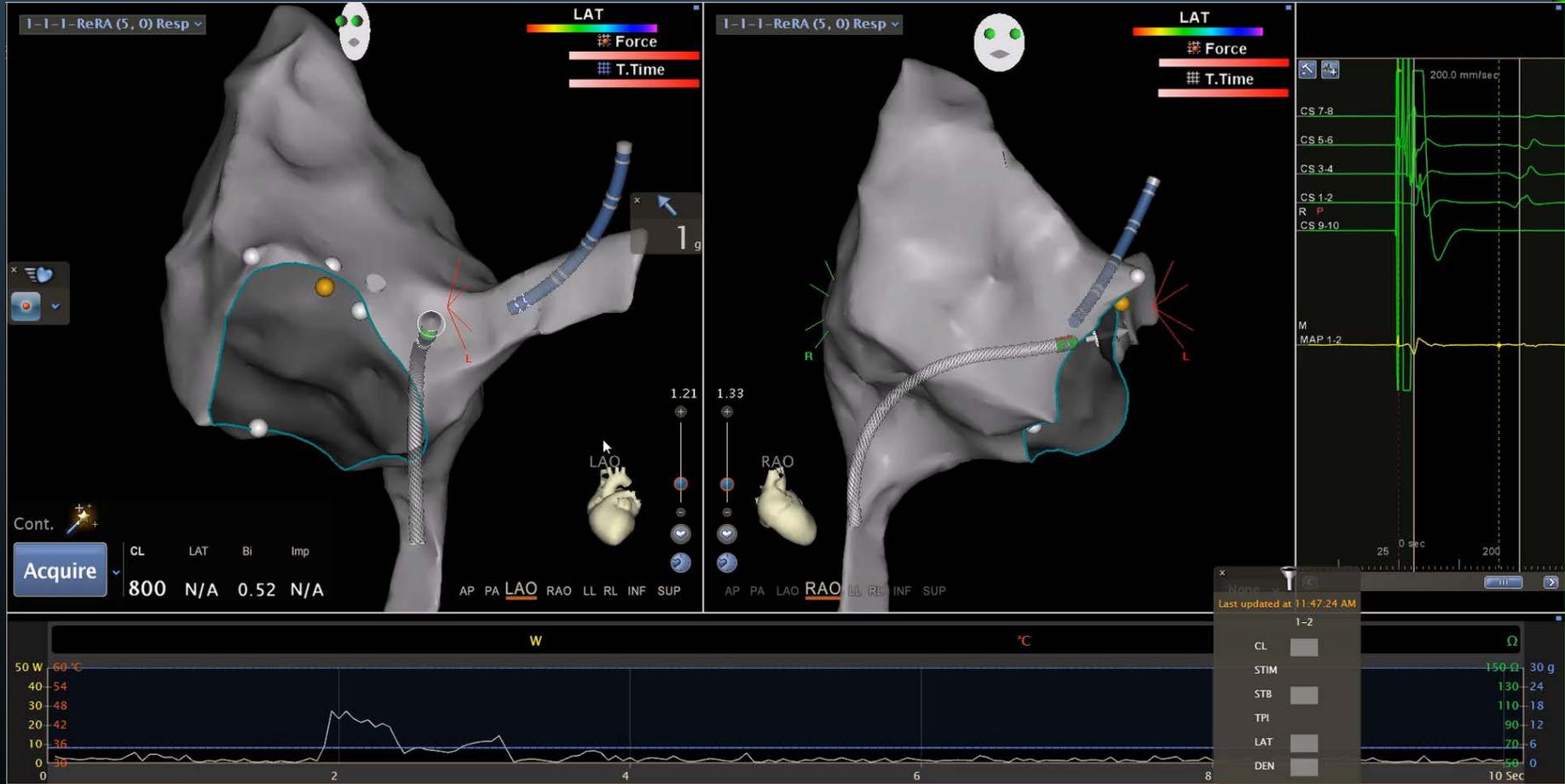
Isthmus

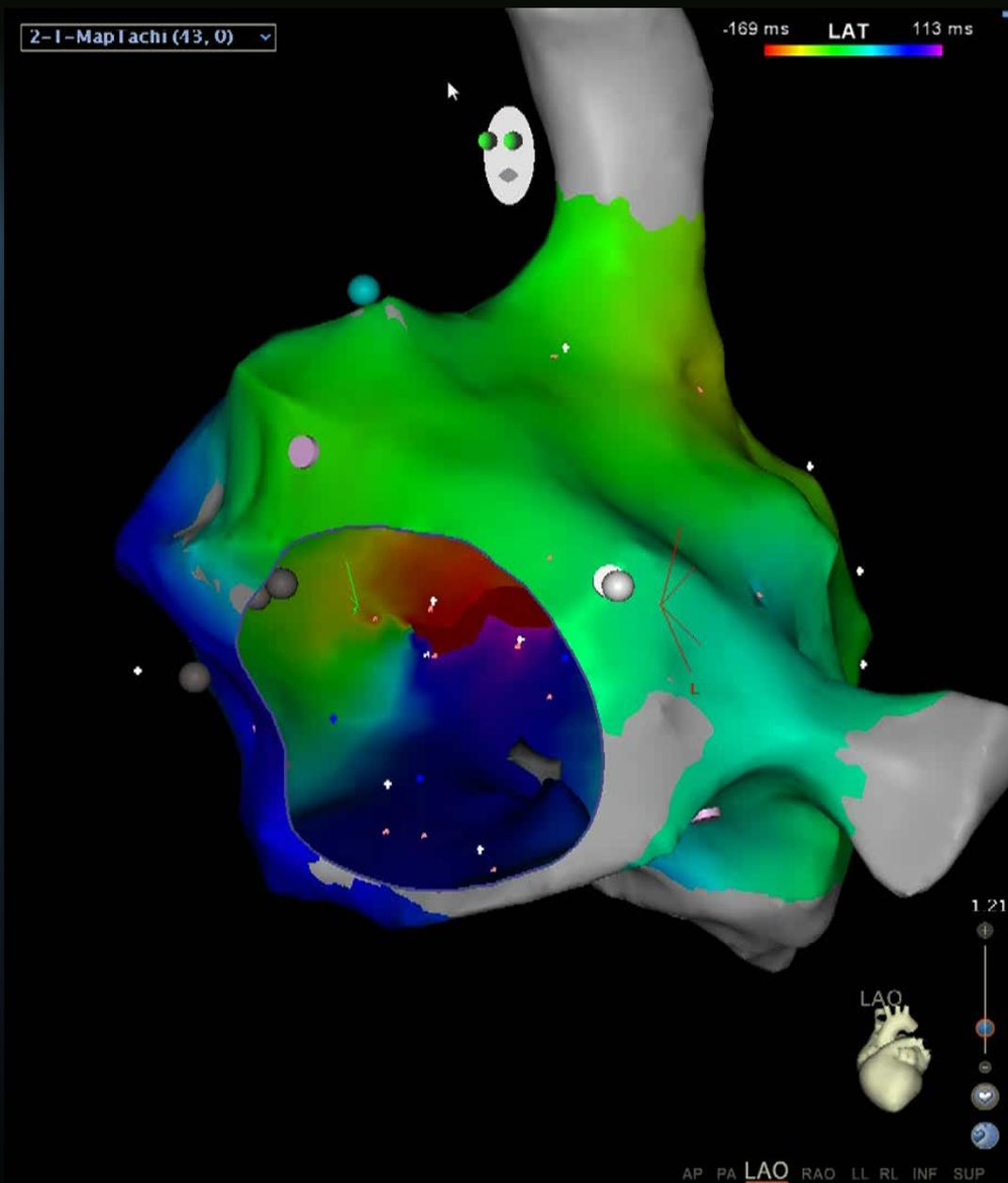




Anatomical map

# Point by point mapping





**Point by point  
acquisition**

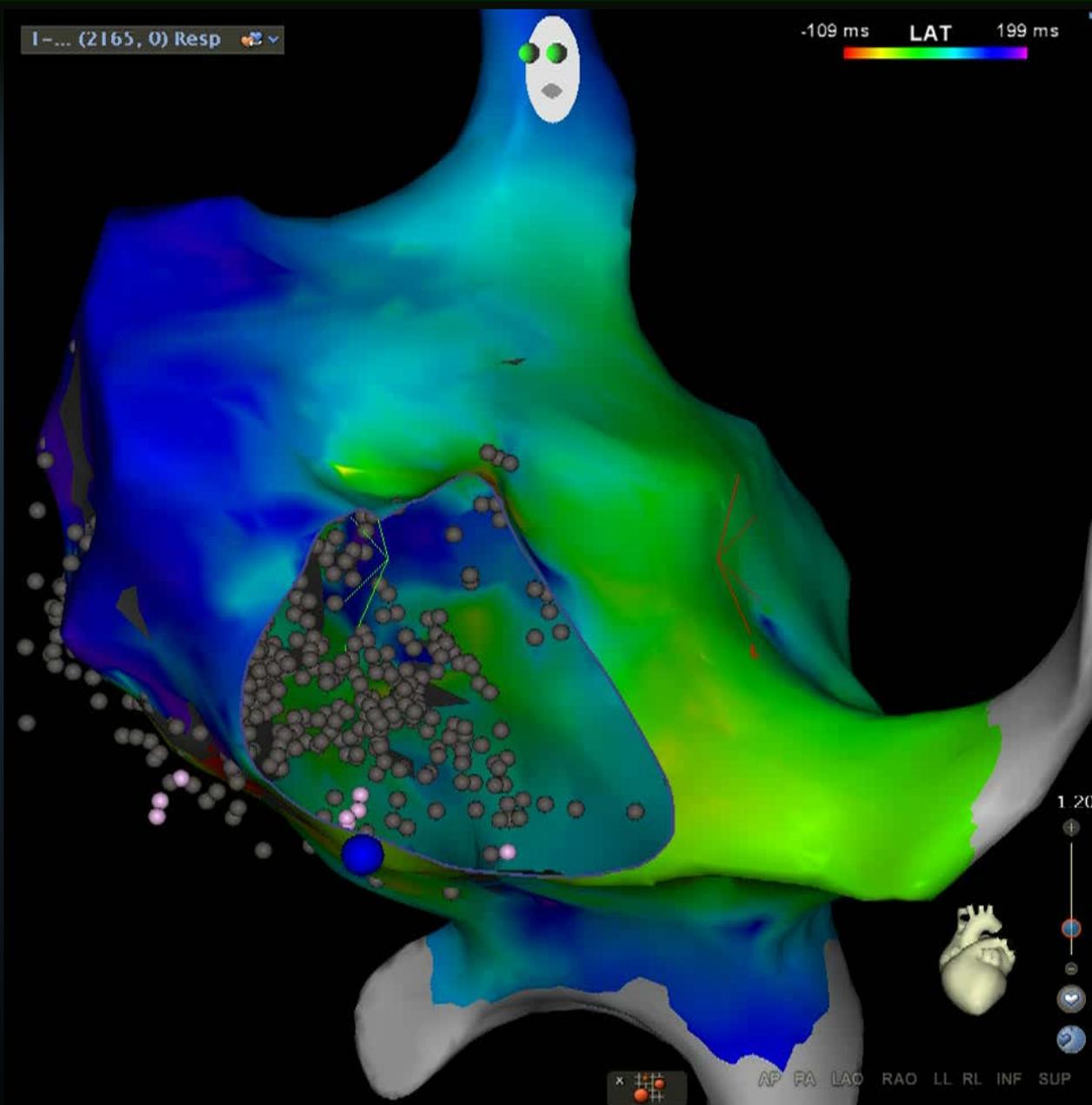
**Electro  
Anatomical  
map**

**Red: critical  
isthmus**



**Automatic mapping**

**High density**



**Automap**

**High  
density**

**Better  
definition  
isthmus  
region**

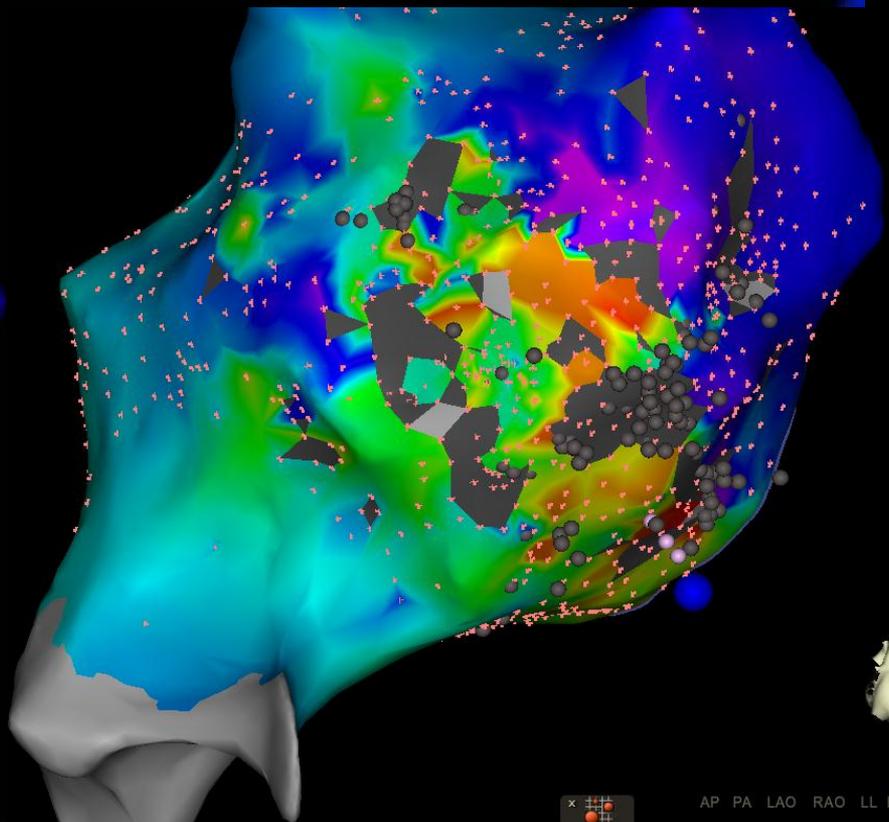
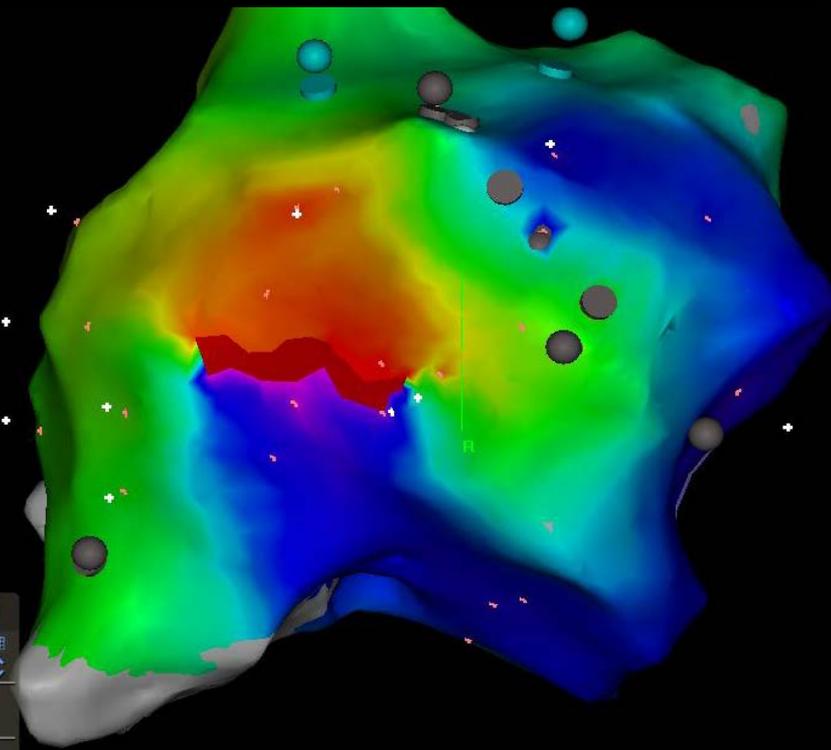
# Standard Electroanatomic Map

# High density Electroanatomic Map

2-1-MapTachi (43, 0) ▼

1-... (2165, 0) Resp ▼

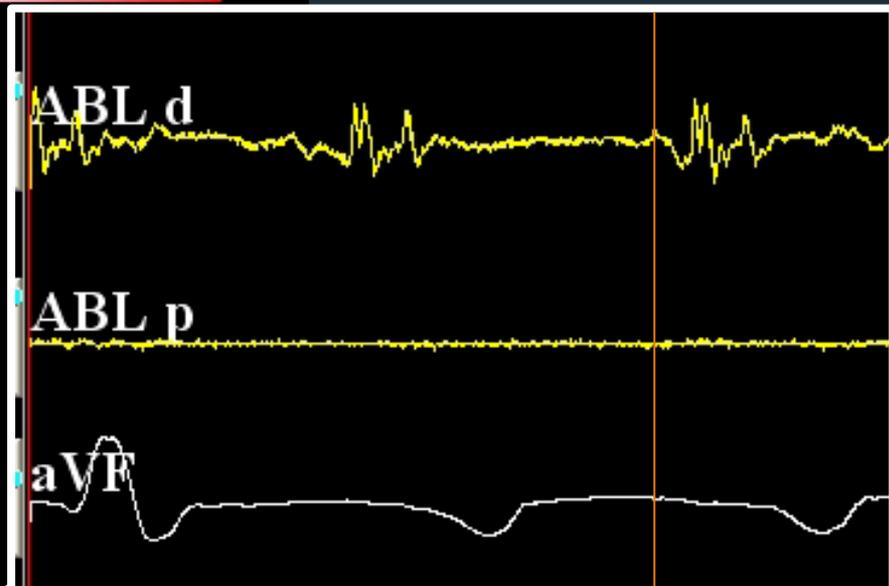
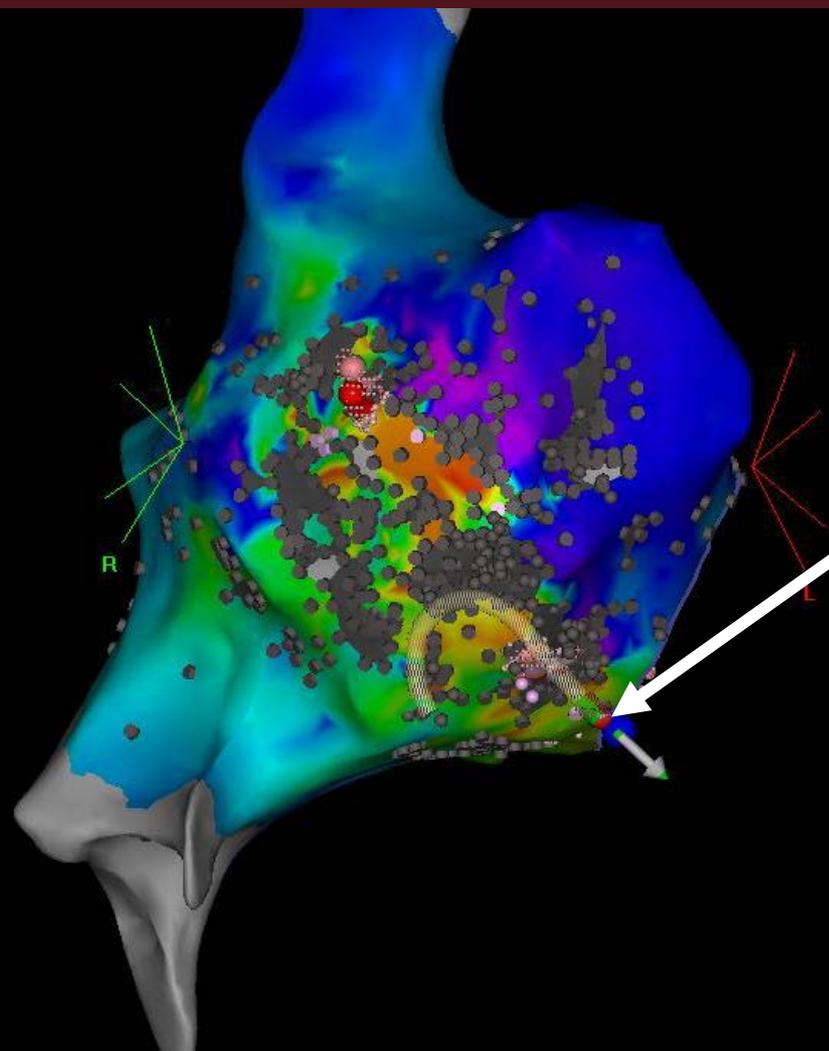
T 199 ms



AP PA LAO RAO LL RL INF SUP

# Mesodiastolic Potential

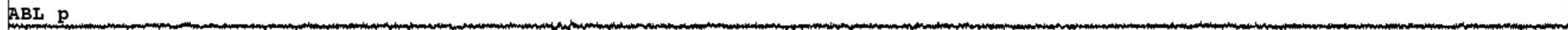
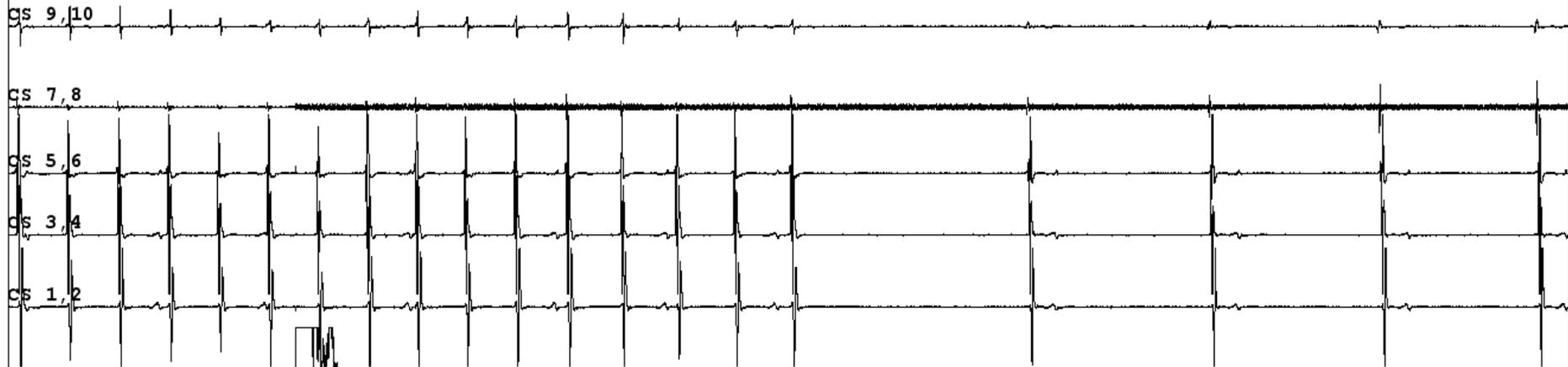
ms LAT 199 ms  
Force 10 g  
s T.Time 16.35 s



2.03



RF TURNED ON-SESSION 1



# Conclusions

Technological advances extended interventional cardiology capabilities, allowing treatment of more complex arrhythmias **(electroanatomical, high density mapping)**

At the same time they increased safety **(cryolesion, force sensors, x-ray reduction)**

Correct interpretation of **ECG and endocavitary signals** is always necessary